Exhibit L

	Page 1	Page 3
1 2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI CENTRAL DIVISION	1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI 2 CENTRAL DIVISION
3		3
4	SHONDEL CHURCH, et al.,)	4 SHONDEL CHURCH, et al.,)
5	Plaintiffs,)	5 Plaintiffs,)
6	vs.) Case No.) 17-04057-CV-C-NKL	6 vs.) Case No.) 17-04057-CV-C-NKL
7	STATE OF MISSOURI, et al.,))	7 STATE OF MISSOURI, et al.,))
8 9	Defendants.)	8 Defendants.) 9
10		10 VIDEO-RECORDED DEPOSITION OF MARY FOX,
11		produced, sworn and examined on December 19, 2017,
12		between the hours of eight o'clock in the forenoon
13	VIDEO DECORDES DESCRITION OF MASY FOX	and two o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the
14	VIDEO-RECORDED DEPOSITION OF MARY FOX	14 ACLU of Missouri Foundation, Suite 1130, 906 Olive
15 16	TAKEN ON BEHALF OF THE PLAINTIFFS DECEMBER 19, 2017	15 Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101, before William L. 16 DeVries, a Certified Court Reporter (MO), Registered
16 17	DECEMBER 19, 2017	17 Diplomate Reporter, and Certified Realtime Reporter,
18		18 in a certain cause now pending in the United States
19		19 District Court, Western District of Missouri,
20	(Starting time of the deposition: 8:57 a.m.)	20 Central Division, between SHONDEL CHURCH, et al.,
21	,	21 Plaintiffs, vs. STATE OF MISSOURI, et al.,
22		22 Defendants; on behalf of the Plaintiffs.
23		23
24		24
25		25
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1	INDEX	1 APPEARANCES
2	QUESTIONS BY: PAGE	2 For the Plaintiffs: 3 Mr. James J. Maune
3	MR. MAUNE 7	Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP
4	MR. MOORE 103	4 2050 Main Street, Suite 1100 Irvine. California 92614
5	MS. SHIPMA 187	5 (949) 491-5616
6	MR. MOORE 193	jmaune@orrick.com 6
7		7 Ms. Camille Joanne Rosca
8		Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP 8 51 West 52nd Street
		New York, New York 10019
9	EXHIBITS	9 (212) 506-3750 crosca@orrick.com
		10
10	EXHIBIT PAGE	
11	Exhibit 11 Previously marked exhibit 25	11 For the Public Defender Defendants:
11 12	Exhibit 11 Previously marked exhibit 25 Exhibit 12 Previously marked exhibit 25	11 For the Public Defender Defendants: 12
11 12 13	Exhibit 11 Previously marked exhibit 25 Exhibit 12 Previously marked exhibit 25 Exhibit 28 Previously marked exhibit 29	11 For the Public Defender Defendants: 12 Ms. Jacqueline Shipma 13 Missouri State Public Defender
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1 (Pages 1 to 4)

	Page 5		Page 7
1	Also present:	1	Services.
2	Mr. David Doell, Videographer	2	Would the attorneys present please
3	Alaris Litigation Services 711 North Eleventh Street	3	introduce yourselves?
3	St. Louis, Missouri 63101	4	MR. MAUNE: James Maune for plaintiffs.
4	(314) 644-2191	5	MS. ROSCA: Camille Rosca for
5	1-800-280-3376	6	plaintiffs.
6		7	MR. MOORE: Justin Moore for the
7		8	Attorney General's Office.
8 9		9	MS. SHIPMA: Jacqueline Shipma for the
10		10	MSPD defendants.
11		11	VIDEOGRAPHER: The court reporter
12	Court Reporter:	12	please swear in the witness and we may proceed.
13	William L. DeVries, RDR/CRR Missouri CCR #566	13	COURT REPORTER: Do you swear or affirm
13	Alaris Litigation Services	14	that the testimony you are about to give in this
14	711 North Eleventh Street	15	proceeding will be the truth, the whole truth, and
15	St. Louis, Missouri 63101 (314) 644-2191	16	nothing but the truth?
13	1-800-280-3376	17	THE WITNESS: I do.
16		18	EXAMINATION
17		19	QUESTIONS BY MR. MAUNE:
18 19		20	Q. Morning, Ms. Fox.
20		21	A. Good morning.
21		22	Q. Have you had your deposition taken
22 23		23	before?
		24	A. I have.
24			
25		25	Q. I'll just cover a few basic ground
	Page 6	25	Q. I'll just cover a few basic ground Page 8
	Page 6 IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by	25	•
25			Page 8
25	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by	1	Page 8 rules. If you could please answer your questions
25 1 2	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between counsel for the Plaintiffs and counsel	1 2	Page 8 rules. If you could please answer your questions with a verbal response, not with hand gestures or
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2 (Pages 5 to 8)

	Page 9		Page 11
1	Q. How long did you meet for?	1	Q. And prior to 1994 did you have any
2	A. Maybe an hour.	2	other legal jobs?
3	Q. Did you review any documents in	3	A. Yes. From nineteen eighty 1981
4	preparation for this deposition?	4	until 1987 I was a assistant public defender
5	A. Not while she was present, but I did	5	initially in the Clayton office and then in 1986 I
6	look at the case management database.	6	transferred to the St. Louis City trial office. And
7	Q. Okay. Did you bring any of those	7	prior to that I was an associate at a small civil
8	documents with you today?	8	firm named Kanefield, K-A-N-E-F-I-E-L-D, and Mohme,
9	A. I did not.	9	M-O-H-M-E.
10	Q. Did any of those documents refresh your	10	Q. Okay. So you said from you
11	recollection in preparation for offering testimony	11	testified that 1981 to 1987 you were an assistant
12	here today?	12	public defender in the Clayton office. Did you have
13	A. I don't I already knew the facts	13	any legal jobs prior to 1981?
14	that were in them. I was just looking at the actual	14	A. Yes. At Kanefield & Mohme.
15	numbers.	15	Q. Okay. Kanefield & Mohme. And when did
16	Q. Besides your counsel, did you speak	16	you start at Kanefield Mohme?
17	with anyone else to prepare to testify here today?	17	A. Right after I was sworn in. So
18	A. No.	18	October 1980.
19	Q. And can you please state your position?	19	Q. Okay. Great.
20	A. I'm the district defender for the	20	A. But I was in the Clayton office and the
21	St. Louis City trial office of the Missouri State	21	St. Louis City office. From '86 to '87 it was the
22	Public Defender System.	22	St. Louis City office.
23	Q. And how long have you held that	23	Q. And when you were at Kanefield & Mohme
24	position?	24	did you handle criminal defense?
25	A. Ten years.	25	A. No, I did not.
		-	
	Page 10		Page 12
1	Page 10 Q. And what was your position prior to	1	Page 12 Q. What type of practice did you maintain?
1 2		1 2	· ·
	Q. And what was your position prior to		Q. What type of practice did you maintain?
2	Q. And what was your position prior to that?	2	Q. What type of practice did you maintain?A. It was civil.
2	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice	2 3	Q. What type of practice did you maintain?A. It was civil.Q. Civil.
2 3 4	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice doing contract work for the St. Louis city juvenile	2 3 4	 Q. What type of practice did you maintain? A. It was civil. Q. Civil. A. Small civil actions generally.
2 3 4 5	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice doing contract work for the St. Louis city juvenile court representing parents who were facing the loss	2 3 4 5	 Q. What type of practice did you maintain? A. It was civil. Q. Civil. A. Small civil actions generally. Q. Which counties are included in your
2 3 4 5 6	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice doing contract work for the St. Louis city juvenile court representing parents who were facing the loss of their children in care and protection cases. And	2 3 4 5 6	 Q. What type of practice did you maintain? A. It was civil. Q. Civil. A. Small civil actions generally. Q. Which counties are included in your district? That would be area 22, correct?
2 3 4 5 6 7	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice doing contract work for the St. Louis city juvenile court representing parents who were facing the loss of their children in care and protection cases. And in addition doing some other legal work, mainly	2 3 4 5 6 7	 Q. What type of practice did you maintain? A. It was civil. Q. Civil. A. Small civil actions generally. Q. Which counties are included in your district? That would be area 22, correct? A. So the district covers the City of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice doing contract work for the St. Louis city juvenile court representing parents who were facing the loss of their children in care and protection cases. And in addition doing some other legal work, mainly around juvenile court.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 Q. What type of practice did you maintain? A. It was civil. Q. Civil. A. Small civil actions generally. Q. Which counties are included in your district? That would be area 22, correct? A. So the district covers the City of St. Louis.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice doing contract work for the St. Louis city juvenile court representing parents who were facing the loss of their children in care and protection cases. And in addition doing some other legal work, mainly around juvenile court. Q. And how long were you in private	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 Q. What type of practice did you maintain? A. It was civil. Q. Civil. A. Small civil actions generally. Q. Which counties are included in your district? That would be area 22, correct? A. So the district covers the City of St. Louis. Q. Okay.
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice doing contract work for the St. Louis city juvenile court representing parents who were facing the loss of their children in care and protection cases. And in addition doing some other legal work, mainly around juvenile court. Q. And how long were you in private practice for? A. So in that position I was there from	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 Q. What type of practice did you maintain? A. It was civil. Q. Civil. A. Small civil actions generally. Q. Which counties are included in your district? That would be area 22, correct? A. So the district covers the City of St. Louis. Q. Okay. A. Prior to July of 2017 we also handled conflict cases from the surrounding jurisdictions.
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q. And what was your position prior to that? A. Prior to that I was in private practice doing contract work for the St. Louis city juvenile court representing parents who were facing the loss of their children in care and protection cases. And in addition doing some other legal work, mainly around juvenile court. Q. And how long were you in private practice for? A. So in that position I was there from 2000 until 2007. Q. And what was your employment prior to the year 2000? A. So from 1994 until 2006 I was the traffic commissioner for the 21st Judicial Circuit. That was a part-time job. So part of the time that was all that I was doing and another part of the time I was also handling the contract work. And then prior to that or during that same time I should say I was also serving as a hearing officer for the St. Louis Metropolitan Police Department internal affairs division hearing	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q. What type of practice did you maintain? A. It was civil. Q. Civil. A. Small civil actions generally. Q. Which counties are included in your district? That would be area 22, correct? A. So the district covers the City of St. Louis. Q. Okay. A. Prior to July of 2017 we also handled conflict cases from the surrounding jurisdictions. And we still have many of those conflict cases pending. Q. And so after July 2017 any new conflict cases are no longer handled by public defenders in the St. Louis City office; is that correct? A. Unless the new conflict case is for a client that we currently represent in one of those conflict counties, then we get the new case also. Q. We'll talk about conflicts more later on. How is how is your office organized? How many we'll start off with how many district public defenders do you have in your office,

3 (Pages 9 to 12)

	Page 13		Page 15
1	office.	1	A. So Sarah Johnson was our juvenile
2	Q. Okay. And do you organize by case team	2	specialist. She's been trained as a juvenile
3	or do you have an assistant and and how are	3	specialist. So we're in the midst of a transition.
4	those attorneys broken up into different teams or	4	Prior to her assuming this new position the cases
5	are they just assigned individual dockets?	5	were assigned either to her or to another attorney
6	A. They are assigned to cases.	6	who had been trained in juvenile.
7	Q. Assigned to cases. And do you handle	7	We're now training an additional group
8	that assignment yourself?	8	of attorneys and I actually have a meeting today
9	A. I do.	9	with those who are interested in becoming juvenile
10	Q. Do do you have any an assistant	10	practitioners.
11	district defender in area 22?	11	Q. So currently aside from Sarah Johnson,
12	A. I do.	12	are there any attorneys that are specifically
13	Q. And what does do you task the	13	designated to handle juvenile cases?
14	assistant district defender with?	14	A. Not only juvenile cases. So they would
15	A. Currently she is it is Sarah Johnson	15	have juvenile cases, but also adult cases.
16	is the deputy district defender.	16	Q. Okay. And you're anticipating the
17	Q. Okay.	17	number of attorneys trained specifically for
18	A. And she is also MSPD's director of	18	juvenile cases to increase after further training?
19	juvenile justice and policy. So she spends about	19	A. Correct.
20	50 percent of her time on that responsibility. The	20	Q. And but you don't anticipate having
21	other 50 percent of her time is spent training the	21	any of those attorneys exclusively working on
22	new attorneys.	22	juvenile cases, it will be in addition to adult
23	Q. Does she maintain a docket of cases?	23	cases, correct?
24	A. She had a docket prior to assuming this	24	A. Correct.
25	position, and she is still resolving many of those	25	Q. Okay. How many of your attorneys
	Page 14		Page 16
1	cases. The hope is that she will not have a docket	1	handle probation revocation cases?
2	once those cases are resolved.	2	A. All of them.
3	Q. Okay. Do you maintain a docket of	3	Q. All of them.
4	cases?	4	A. Including myself.
5	A. I don't maintain a docket, but I have	5	Q. How many handle direct appeals?
6	clients who have cases.	6	A. We seldom handle direct appeals. There
7	Q. Okay. Do you know how many clients who	7	are times when there is a case that we lose at trial
8	have cases that you handle in any given year on	8	that we choose to keep the appeal ourself. I think
9	average?	9	we've done that three times in the last year.
10	A. I would say it averages anywhere	10	Q. So normally in cases that your public
11	between 15 to 30. Open at one time.	11	defenders have handled, your representation would
12	Q. Right.	12	end after filing the notice of appeal; is that
13	A. So over the course of a year maybe 20	13	correct?
14	to 40.	14	A. Correct.
15	Q. Do all so that would leave 28	15	Q. And then the appellate division would
16	additional public defenders in your office; is that	16	normally take over the case if it were to continue?
17	correct?	17	A. Correct.
	A. Correct.	18	Q. Correct. Are there any other types of
18	Q. And do all the public defenders handle	19	cases that are handled by your office that I have
18 19		20	not mentioned?
	felony cases?	20	
19	felony cases? A. Yes.	21	 A. We've filed several writs that have
19 20	-		A. We've filed several writs that have come out of felony cases.
19 20 21	A. Yes.	21	
19 20 21 22	A. Yes. Q. And all of them handle misdemeanor	21 22	come out of felony cases.

4 (Pages 13 to 16)

	Page 17		Page 19
1	as a result of mental health confinement. And then	1	the seriousness of the charges in in that case?
2	we also have a few cases that we classify them as	2	A. Yes.
3	either witness or possible case where someone comes	3	Q. And do you also base your assignment on
4	and applies for services, but a case has not yet	4	the experience level of the attorneys in your office
5	been issued.	5	that are receiving the case?
6	Q. Okay. Trying to get a feeling for the	6	A. Yes.
7	experience level of the attorneys in your office.	7	Q. How about paralegals, how many
8	How how long is the most experienced lawyer in	8	paralegals do you have on staff in area 22?
9	your office been practicing law?	9	A. None.
10	A. So that would be me.	10	Q. None. How many investigators do you
11	Q. Correct.	11	have on staff?
12	A. Since 1980.	12	A. Four.
13	Q. And then how about after you, who is	13	Q. Do the investigators work directly for
14	the I guess the second most experienced?	14	the attorneys on a rolling basis as needed?
15	A. That would be Matthew Waltz, and he has	15	A. The investigators are assigned to
16	been practicing for 13 years.	16	cases. So if an attorney requests investigation
17	Q. And then how long has the least	17	that is assigned to one of the investigators, and
18	experienced attorney in your office been practicing	18	then that investigator remains the investigator for
19	law?	19	that case for any future investigation.
20	A. So we have three attorneys who were	20	Q. Are the investigators assigned to the
21	just licensed in October. Or September. I think	21	case when the case is opened or is it assigned to
22	they moved it up to September.	22	the case on an as-needed basis?
23	Q. And how do the other attorneys fall in?	23	A. On an as-needed basis.
24	Would you say the majority have more the majority	24	Q. Okay.
25	of the rest of the attorneys have more or less than	25	A. It has to be done by a request from the
	Page 18		Page 20
1	ten years of experience practicing?	1	attorney.
2	A. Significantly less.	2	Q. Okay. How many administrative
3	Q. Significantly less. Okay. When you're	3	assistants do you have working in area 22?
4	assigning cases, can you go over how when new cases	4	A. How do you define administrative
5	come in your process for assigning them to the	5	assistants? So I have them classified in different
6	attorneys in area 22?	6	positions.
7	A. So when an application comes in it goes	7	Q. Please discuss like how would how
8	to a legal assistant.	8	would your office, an employee that would handle
9	Q. Okay.	9	administrative actions, I don't know if that's a
10	A. And the legal assistant evaluates the	10	clerk or what might have been a legal secretary or
11	application and does a Case.net search to find out	11	assistant
12	more information about that case and about that	12	A. So I have an office manager.
13	person. Such as do we already represent them, do we	13	Q. Okay.
14			
	represent a co-defendant, does that case that	14	A. And then five of our support staff are
15	person have another case in which a private attorney	15	legal assistants and three are clerks.
16	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved?	15 16	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the
16 17	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved? And then based upon the information in	15 16 17	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the responsibilities for the of the office manager?
16 17 18	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved? And then based upon the information in the application and that Case net search, that legal	15 16 17 18	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the responsibilities for the of the office manager? A. The office manager takes care of all
16 17 18 19	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved? And then based upon the information in the application and that Case.net search, that legal assistant makes an indigence determination. Once	15 16 17 18 19	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the responsibilities for the of the office manager? A. The office manager takes care of all the budgetary issues in terms of approving bills for
16 17 18 19 20	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved? And then based upon the information in the application and that Case.net search, that legal assistant makes an indigence determination. Once the indigence determination is made, the application	15 16 17 18 19 20	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the responsibilities for the of the office manager? A. The office manager takes care of all the budgetary issues in terms of approving bills for payment by the office in Columbia, does all the
16 17 18 19 20 21	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved? And then based upon the information in the application and that Case.net search, that legal assistant makes an indigence determination. Once the indigence determination is made, the application as well as the complaint or information or	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the responsibilities for the of the office manager? A. The office manager takes care of all the budgetary issues in terms of approving bills for payment by the office in Columbia, does all the contact with the building in terms of maintenance,
16 17 18 19 20 21	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved? And then based upon the information in the application and that Case.net search, that legal assistant makes an indigence determination. Once the indigence determination is made, the application as well as the complaint or information or indictment and the Case.net entries is provided to	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the responsibilities for the of the office manager? A. The office manager takes care of all the budgetary issues in terms of approving bills for payment by the office in Columbia, does all the contact with the building in terms of maintenance, keeps track of people's comings and goings, and also
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved? And then based upon the information in the application and that Case.net search, that legal assistant makes an indigence determination. Once the indigence determination is made, the application as well as the complaint or information or indictment and the Case.net entries is provided to me and then I assign off of a rolling assignment	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the responsibilities for the of the office manager? A. The office manager takes care of all the budgetary issues in terms of approving bills for payment by the office in Columbia, does all the contact with the building in terms of maintenance, keeps track of people's comings and goings, and also does some docket management for our felony docket in
16 17 18 19 20 21	person have another case in which a private attorney is involved? And then based upon the information in the application and that Case.net search, that legal assistant makes an indigence determination. Once the indigence determination is made, the application as well as the complaint or information or indictment and the Case.net entries is provided to	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	legal assistants and three are clerks. Q. Okay. So can you describe the responsibilities for the of the office manager? A. The office manager takes care of all the budgetary issues in terms of approving bills for payment by the office in Columbia, does all the contact with the building in terms of maintenance, keeps track of people's comings and goings, and also

5 (Pages 17 to 20)

	Page 21		Page 23
1	they assigned? Are they assigned to work on cases?	1	for
2	A. No. They are the legal assistants	2	A. I do.
3	and the clerks all have specific jobs, which include	3	Q. Do you approve leave for your office?
4	docket management if they're a legal assistant, and	4	A. I do.
5	then secretarial support to attorneys. And then we	5	Q. I didn't hear mention, do you have a
6	have one clerk who does the file closing, the	6	specific position as a human resources manager, or
7	archiving of files and several other	7	does that fall within your purview as well?
8	responsibilities.	8	A. We have a human resources manager in
9	Q. Are the who does the initial I	9	Columbia.
10	guess if the right word is screening for indigency	10	Q. Okay.
11	requirements, is that one of those five support	11	A. But all of the hiring work that occurs
12	staffs or three legal clerks?	12	in the local office, the deputy district defender
13	A. It's one of the legal assistants.	13	and I do.
14	Q. One of the legal assistants, okay. Are	14	Q. Do you draft attorney performance
15	there any other employees that we have not mentioned	15	reviews?
16	that work in area 22?	16	A. I do.
17	A. No. One of our attorneys is classified	17	Q. And how much time do you spend on
18	as a JDMSW.	18	administrative tasks versus substantive legal work?
19	Q. Okay. What does the abbreviation JDMSW	19	A. Can you define substantive legal work?
20	mean?	20	Q. So if you're working with clients
21	A. So he is an attorney, but he is also	21	themselves and their legal issues or working either
22	has a master's in social work.	22	for yourself, clients that you're handling or
23	Q. Oh.	23	clients that your attorneys are handling as opposed
24	A. So we transitioned an attorney position	24	to running and administering the office from a
25	to that position so that we would have some social	25	budgeting, a scheduling, a hiring, a performance
	Page 22		Page 24
	· ·		
1	work services within the office.	1	review, that would be more administrative.
2	Q. Does the JDMSW position carry a	2	A. I would estimate 70 percent
3	normal well, carry a caseload?	3	administrative, 30 percent client or legal.
4	A. He carries the caseload of any of our	4	Q. Do you have some discretion with
5	clients who are currently in treatment or diversion	5	respect to setting policies in your office?
6	court, as well as he assists the attorneys who are	6	A. Yes.
7	dealing with either mental health issues or	7	Q. What kind of policies do you have
8	mitigation issues for their clients.	8	discretion in setting?
9	Q. Can you describe your day-to-day	_	A. Dress code, coming and going, like
10	responsibilities as district defender for area 22?	10	office hours. Second chair expectations, things
11	A. Combination of client contact, case	11 12	like that. Q. Are these policies written down and
12	personal case management, taking care of the administrative responsibilities in the office of		promulgated to your employees or or in a in a
13 14	authorizing payment of bills, approving E requests,	13 14	set I'm aware that the public defenders office
15	assigning action items to investigators, speaking	15	sends things out to the various offices that they
16	with attorneys concerning their cases, and working	16	want policies they want set. Do you have any
17	along with the circuit on circuit-wide issues.	17	subsequent set of policies that get promulgated to
18	Q. Do you attend trials or I guess observe	18	the attorneys in your office?
19	trials for any of your district defenders for	19	A. There's some local area policies that
20	evaluation purposes?	20	are available to all of the staff on the computer.
21	A. I do.	21	Q. And how are the policies in your office
22	Q. And do you are you in charge of	22	developed?
			A. Through experience.
2.3	approving encumprance requests?	L 43	A. HIIOUGH EXPERENCE.
23 24	approving encumbrance requests? A. I am.	23 24	Q. If I use the term vertical
			• .

6 (Pages 21 to 24)

	Page 25		Page 27
1	that means?	1	is indigent or not indigent?
2	A. Yes.	2	A. Correct.
3	Q. And do does area 22 currently	3	Q. And after this is completed, if they're
4	utilize vertical representation for clients?	4	determined to be indigent, a case would be opened?
5	A. Yes.	5	A. Yes.
6	(Exhibit 11, Previously marked exhibit.)	6	Q. And do you have an estimate of how many
7	(Exhibit 12, Previously marked exhibit.)	7	forms you receive that the case is determined that
8	MR. MAUNE: Produce previously	8	the potential client is not indigent or not
9	introduced exhibits 11 and 12.	9	qualified?
10	MS. SHIPMA: What did you say?	10	A. I do not have that figure off the top
11	MR. MAUNE: I'm going to produce	11	of my head. I would tell you that there are a
12	previously used exhibits that are marked as Petsch	12	number of cases that are initially denied for
13	Exhibit 11 and give you a copy. And then Petsch	13	probation violations because the court has not yet
14	Exhibit 12. Take a minute to review and let me know	14	made a due process determination, and then the
15	when.	15	person may eventually be the court may eventually
16	THE WITNESS: Okay.	16	make that determination and be accepted, but I do
17	Q. (By Mr. Maune) I'll start with	17	not have a figure for how many are denied.
18	Exhibit 11. Is this the a form that area 22 uses	18	Q. Does the court determination for due
19	to screen potential clients for indigency?	19	process violation put this determination on hold for
20	A. We've altered it a little bit.	20	determining indigency?
21	Q. Can you explain how it was altered?	21	A. The indigence determination is made.
22	A. We put a really big arrow where it says	22	Q. Okay.
23	applicant signature, and I think wrote something	23	A. The eligibility determination is that
24	like you must sign here.	24	they're not eligible.
25	Q. Okay.	25	Q. Okay. And do judges in area 22 assign
	Page 26		Page 28
1		1	· ·
1	A. And then I believe because we receive	1	your office to represent defendants even in cases
2	many of our applications by mail there was	2 3	where you've made a determination at least as to
4	information added as to how to return the	4	this form that they're not indigent? A. They don't assign they don't appoint
	application to us.	5	3 3 11
5 6	Q. Okay. You've added mailing address for	6	us on anything. Q. They don't appoint you on anything.
7	A. Yes.	7	A. We do have an indigence docket in which
8		8	
	Q. How do potential clients first get	1	they consider the appeals of our indigence
9	ahold of this form to complete if they're seeking	9	determination.
10	representation?		Q. And how often is it frequent that
11	A. So they can download it off the web,	11	the indigence docket will determine that the
12	off the public website. They can request it from	12	potential defendant is is qualified for services
1 2	the court or they can request it from a social	13	from the public defenders office when a
13	worker at joil or they can save to the office if	14	determination has been previously made that the
14	worker at jail or they can come to the office if		notontial client is not indigent?
14 15	they are not in custody and ask for an application.	15	potential client is not indigent?
14 15 16	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in	15 16	A. So we have the docket about once we
14 15 16 17	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in custody, does the jail mail or fax these back to	15 16 17	A. So we have the docket about once we have it once a month.
14 15 16 17 18	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in custody, does the jail mail or fax these back to your office for consideration?	15 16 17 18	A. So we have the docket about once we have it once a month. O. Okay.
14 15 16 17 18	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in custody, does the jail mail or fax these back to your office for consideration? A. We pick up mail from the jail daily.	15 16 17 18 19	A. So we have the docket about once we have it once a month. Q. Okay. A. And at each docket approximately five
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in custody, does the jail mail or fax these back to your office for consideration? A. We pick up mail from the jail daily. Q. Okay.	15 16 17 18 19 20	A. So we have the docket about once we have it once a month. Q. Okay. A. And at each docket approximately five to ten applicants are determined to be eligible that
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in custody, does the jail mail or fax these back to your office for consideration? A. We pick up mail from the jail daily. Q. Okay. A. With no postage requirement.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A. So we have the docket about once we have it once a month. Q. Okay. A. And at each docket approximately five to ten applicants are determined to be eligible that had not previously been determined to be eligible.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in custody, does the jail mail or fax these back to your office for consideration? A. We pick up mail from the jail daily. Q. Okay. A. With no postage requirement. Q. Okay. And then one of the clerks	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. So we have the docket about once we have it once a month. Q. Okay. A. And at each docket approximately five to ten applicants are determined to be eligible that had not previously been determined to be eligible. Q. And on that docket or hearing of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in custody, does the jail mail or fax these back to your office for consideration? A. We pick up mail from the jail daily. Q. Okay. A. With no postage requirement. Q. Okay. And then one of the clerks reviews this form and makes a determination	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A. So we have the docket about once we have it once a month. Q. Okay. A. And at each docket approximately five to ten applicants are determined to be eligible that had not previously been determined to be eligible. Q. And on that docket or hearing of the five to ten that are determined to be eligible, how
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	they are not in custody and ask for an application. Q. If the potential clients are in custody, does the jail mail or fax these back to your office for consideration? A. We pick up mail from the jail daily. Q. Okay. A. With no postage requirement. Q. Okay. And then one of the clerks	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. So we have the docket about once we have it once a month. Q. Okay. A. And at each docket approximately five to ten applicants are determined to be eligible that had not previously been determined to be eligible. Q. And on that docket or hearing of the

7 (Pages 25 to 28)

	Page 29		Page 31
1	Q. How many how many potential cases	1	per year on cases?
2	for that docket are heard where five to ten	2	A. Depends on where the attorney is in
3	A. Probably ten to 20. So about	3	their stage. So if it's an attorney who is trying a
4	50 percent of the cases.	4	lot of cases they probably spend more than that. If
5	Q. Okay. You previously stated you handle	5	it's an attorney who is brand-new they might spend
6	15 to 30 cases open at any one time; is that	6	close to that.
7	correct?	7	Q. And so the attorneys how long do you
8	A. Personally?	8	think back up.
9	Q. Personally.	9	How long do you think attorneys in your
10	A. Yes.	10	office would be prepared or trained to try many
11	Q. And are these particular types of cases	11	cases? How long do you think that process takes?
12	that you handle?	12	MR. MOORE: I guess I'll object to the
13	A. They tend to be. I mean, there's not a	13	form of the question, but you can go ahead and
14	preplan that this is the type of case I will get,	14	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Yeah.
15	but I tend to have the cases where there are serious	15	A. And I'm I'm not certain I understand
16	mental health issues and there's questions of	16	your question.
17	whether or not the person is competent to proceed,	17	Q. So from when a new public defender
18	and because we have so few attorneys with experience	18	starts as a one, how long before they are
19	I have a large number of homicide cases.	19	significantly trained and ready to handle a
20	(Exhibit 28, Previously marked exhibit.)	20	significant number of cases where you think they
21	MR. MAUNE: This has previously been	21	might be exceeding that 1752 number?
22	introduced as Wallace Exhibit Number 28.	22	A. How long do I think they should be
23	THE WITNESS: Do you want these back?	23	trained before they're significantly ready? About a
24	MR. MAUNE: You can keep them there.	24	year to 18 months. How long do they practice before
25	Wallace Number 28. Do you have that?	25	they begin trying cases, often less than that,
	Page 30		Page 32
1	MS. SHIPMA: Let me see. Yeah.	1	sometimes that amount of time. So we've had
2	MR. MOORE: Thanks.	2	attorneys in their first year in the office try
3	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Have you seen this	3	five, six, seven jury trials. In their first year
4	document before?	4	of practice also.
5	A. I have.	5	Q. And do you find it common for attorneys
6	Q. And what is this document?	6	in your office to work overtime or exceed the 1750
7	A. The Missouri State Public Defender	7	number?
8	caseload crisis protocol that was issued in 2007.	8	A. Yes.
9	Q. Did you participate in this commission	9	Q. Do you find it's common for them to
10	study in any way?	10	work on weekends?
11	A. The 2006 study? No.	11	A. Yes.
12	Q. I guess you didn't start until 2007.	12	Q. Do attorneys in your office receive
13	A. Right.	13	extra compensation for either overtime or working
14	Q. Okay. On page five, if you can turn to	14	weekends?
15	page five, it lists attorney hours available for	15	A. No.
16	casework, and it comes up with a figure of 1,752	16	(Exhibit 21, Previously marked exhibit.)
17	average available hours per attorney per year.	17	MR. MAUNE: I'm going to use previously
18	Would you do you believe this is an accurate	18	marked Exhibit 21, although we're trying to give the
19	number of attorney hours for the attorneys in area	19	previous copy we used. I'll produce both. Had a
20	22?	20	typographical the printout didn't go well, so
2.1	A. The 2340 or the 1752?	21	it's the same document, but I have a better produced
21	Q. 1752.	22	copy.
22			
22 23	A. And what do you mean by accurate?	23	THE WITNESS: Okay.
22	 A. And what do you mean by accurate? Q. Do you find that your attorneys spend more or less than 1752 average hours per attorney 	23 24 25	THE WITNESS: Okay. MR. MOORE: Is this all the same thing? MR. MAUNE: Yeah. It should be.

8 (Pages 29 to 32)

	Page 33		Dago 25
	•		Page 35
1	MR. MOORE: Is this the same thing?	1	capacity of 62,400 hours.
2	MR. MAUNE: It's the same. It's just	2	Q. Do you believe that figure to
3	the cover.	3	accurately portray the workload for your office?
4	MR. MOORE: Okay. Oh, I got you. All	4	MR. MOORE: Just object to the form of
5	right.	5	the question. I think it's pretty vague. Subject
6	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Have you seen this	6	to that, you can respond of course.
7	document before?	7	We're overloaded, so it accurately
8	A. Not in the complete form, no.	8	portrays that, yes.
9	Q. Do you provide any information that	9	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Okay. Do you receive
10	gets incorporated into these reports?	10	reports quarterly that would show the district
11	A. Our database does. So we provide we	11	defender this figure for their particular office?
12	put input information into the database, which is	12	A. No.
13	then used in these reports.	13	MR. MAUNE: This would be the first new
14	Q. Okay. I'd like to turn to page seven.	14	document, so it would be Fox 32. I'm introducing
15	It says title State Public Defender Cumulative Caseload Metrics Fiscal Year 2017. And and if I	15	what is identified as Public Defender document Bates
16 17	I look at there's a column that has District	16 17	number 0039426. It's titled Order Concerning Probation Revocation Hearing.
18	22 listed, St. Louis City, and it states 30	18	(WHEREIN, Exhibit 32, Order Concerning
19	attorneys. Is that accurate?	19	Probation Revocation Hearing, was marked for
20	A. That's accurate.	20	identification by the Court Reporter.)
21	Q. And it says this is for last fiscal	21	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Are you familiar with
22	year, right?	22	this form?
23	A. Yes.	23	A. I am.
24	Q. So for fiscal year '17. There were	24	Q. Can you please explain what it is?
25	4262 cases initiated. Does that appear accurate?	25	A. We call it the due process order that
	••		'
	Page 34		Page 36
1	Page 34 A. It does.	1	Page 36 the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to
1 2	· ·	1 2	
	A. It does.		the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to
2	A. It does.Q. And has a number of new cases and then	2	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether
2	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that?	2	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation
2 3 4	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515?	2 3 4	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel.
2 3 4 5	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes.	2 3 4 5	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating
2 3 4 5 6	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what	2 3 4 5 6	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form?
2 3 4 5 6 7	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what or what the term net case unit means?	2 3 4 5 6 7	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form? A. I did.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what or what the term net case unit means? A. I believe it's the number of cases initiated minus the number of cases withdrawn from within the first 30 days times the RubinBrown metric	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form? A. I did. Q. And can you briefly explain how the process works for using this form? A. If a judge has a probationer who he
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what or what the term net case unit means? A. I believe it's the number of cases initiated minus the number of cases withdrawn from within the first 30 days times the RubinBrown metric for number of hours per case.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form? A. I did. Q. And can you briefly explain how the process works for using this form?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what or what the term net case unit means? A. I believe it's the number of cases initiated minus the number of cases withdrawn from within the first 30 days times the RubinBrown metric for number of hours per case. Q. Okay. And then there's a column that	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form? A. I did. Q. And can you briefly explain how the process works for using this form? A. If a judge has a probationer who he would like to call before him for a violation of his probation conditions, the judge makes a
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what or what the term net case unit means? A. I believe it's the number of cases initiated minus the number of cases withdrawn from within the first 30 days times the RubinBrown metric for number of hours per case. Q. Okay. And then there's a column that says it's third to the last, and it says	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form? A. I did. Q. And can you briefly explain how the process works for using this form? A. If a judge has a probationer who he would like to call before him for a violation of his probation conditions, the judge makes a determination based on one of the factors included
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what or what the term net case unit means? A. I believe it's the number of cases initiated minus the number of cases withdrawn from within the first 30 days times the RubinBrown metric for number of hours per case. Q. Okay. And then there's a column that says it's third to the last, and it says capacity, and it says 62,400. Do you know how that	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form? A. I did. Q. And can you briefly explain how the process works for using this form? A. If a judge has a probationer who he would like to call before him for a violation of his probation conditions, the judge makes a determination based on one of the factors included in this form as to whether or not that probationer
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what or what the term net case unit means? A. I believe it's the number of cases initiated minus the number of cases withdrawn from within the first 30 days times the RubinBrown metric for number of hours per case. Q. Okay. And then there's a column that says it's third to the last, and it says capacity, and it says 62,400. Do you know how that number is calculated?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form? A. I did. Q. And can you briefly explain how the process works for using this form? A. If a judge has a probationer who he would like to call before him for a violation of his probation conditions, the judge makes a determination based on one of the factors included in this form as to whether or not that probationer needs counsel. And then files this form in the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	A. It does. Q. And has a number of new cases and then it comes up with a net case units. Do you see that? It says 89,515? A. Yes. Q. Do you know how that number or what or what the term net case unit means? A. I believe it's the number of cases initiated minus the number of cases withdrawn from within the first 30 days times the RubinBrown metric for number of hours per case. Q. Okay. And then there's a column that says it's third to the last, and it says capacity, and it says 62,400. Do you know how that number is calculated? A. Number of attorneys times a number of	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	the 22nd Judicial Circuit uses to make a to notify us of a determination they have made whether or not the defendant in a probation violation hearing is entitled to counsel. Q. And did you have a role in creating this this form? A. I did. Q. And can you briefly explain how the process works for using this form? A. If a judge has a probationer who he would like to call before him for a violation of his probation conditions, the judge makes a determination based on one of the factors included in this form as to whether or not that probationer needs counsel. And then files this form in the probationer's case and sends it to our office.
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9 (Pages 33 to 36)

	Page 37		Page 39
1	the question. I think it's compound and vague.	1	Q. On the first line in the first box it
2	Subject to that, you can respond.	2	says (quote as read):
3	A. So hopefully they send it to us.	3	Defendant is currently on an SIS
4	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Okay.	4	probation which the court may revoke.
5	A. And if we have an application from that	5	Can you explain what SIS probation is?
6	probationer and we have determined that they are	6	A. Suspended imposition of sentence, so
7	indigent, then we would assign an attorney to the	7	the court has not given the person a sentence.
8	case who would enter their appearance.	8	There's been no formal sentencing of the
9	Q. And you would only assign them an	9	probationer.
10	attorney if one of the boxes is checked in the upper	10	Q. Okay. And then in the boxes in box two
11	portion of the form under label one; is that	11	below it has the term SES. (Quote as read):
12	correct?	12	Defendant has an SES and agrees that he
13	A. Correct.	13	violated his probation.
14	Q. So if is it any would you only	14	Can you please explain for the record
15	would the would you assign an attorney if any one	15	what SES is?
16	of the boxes is checked or could there be multiple	16	A. Suspended execution of sentence where
17	boxes checked or I mean, I assume it could be	17	the court has imposed a sentence but has not yet
18	that the defendant does not appear to capable of	18	executed it. So there would be a term of years or a
19	speaking effectively and they made a timely or	19	fine or a term of days which the court has imposed
20	culpable claim. It just has to be one of these; is	20	but has not executed.
21	that correct?	21	Q. How did you come up with the different
22		22	·
23	A. It's usually just one, but it can sometimes be more than one.	23	conditions for I guess blocks one and two? A. I didn't come up with them. Judge
			,
24	Q. If does are there any times that	24	Julian Bush and Judge Philip Heagney are the two who
25	you receive this form from a judge where one of the	25	actually created the form, and they created the form
	Page 38		Page 40
1	Page 38 boxes is checked below, but the facts of the case	1	Page 40 based upon the case law.
1 2	· ·	1 2	
	boxes is checked below, but the facts of the case		based upon the case law.
2	boxes is checked below, but the facts of the case suggest that the person on probation should have an	2	based upon the case law. Q. Has this form ever been challenged
2	boxes is checked below, but the facts of the case suggest that the person on probation should have an attorney present?	2 3	based upon the case law. Q. Has this form ever been challenged subsequently to its use?
2 3 4	boxes is checked below, but the facts of the case suggest that the person on probation should have an attorney present? MR. MOORE: Also objection to the form	2 3 4	based upon the case law. Q. Has this form ever been challenged subsequently to its use? A. No.
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	Page 41		Page 43
1	with that.	1	A. No.
2	Q. To your knowledge, do any other areas	2	Q. Having reviewed the con the content
3	use either this form or a version of this form in	3	of it, does this document specify the minimum client
4	making decisions regarding probation revocation	4	contact times promulgated by the Missouri Public
5	hearings?	5	Defenders Office?
6	A. I don't know. I know we have provided	6	A. Yes.
7	it to judges in other circuits when we have been	7	Q. Do you monitor client contact time for
8	asked to handle conflict cases in those circuits	8	the attorneys in area 22?
9	that were probation violations.	9	A. I don't monitor on a daily basis, no.
10	Q. Has the the implementation of these	10	The attorneys are aware of the client contact
11	procedures with using this form and the initial	11	requirements. When they're reviewed for appraisal I
L2	determinations reduced attorney workload for area 22	12	review their some of their cases randomly, but I
L3	public defenders?	13	do not look on a daily basis to see if they are
4	A. So prior to the use of this form we	14	meeting this requirement. If I have a complaint
.5	opened approximately a thousand probation violation	15	from a client about lack of contact, then I would
_6	cases a year. After this form was implemented that	16	review it.
.7	number was reduced to about 500. It has slowly	17	Q. What do you consider a qualifying
L8	crept back up, and I believe now we're on pace to	18	contact? And I'll start off with a client that's in
_9	open probably 750 to 800 probation violations a	19	custody.
20	year.	20	Seeing the client in jail.
21	Q. And when the number of probation	21	Q. And how about a client that's out of
22	violation cases that you have opened this year is	22	custody?
23	creeping up, do you have a sense whether that's	23	A. Seeing the client either in office or
24	because more defendants have a right to an attorney	24	for a meeting. Sometimes we go to their home, but
25	and according to this determination or is it just	25	generally it would be in the office.
			5 ,
_	Page 42		Page 44
1	•	1	Page 44
1 2	the number of cases that the courts are seeing are		Page 44
	•	1	Page 44
2	the number of cases that the courts are seeing are going up?	1 2	Page 44 Q. To the best of your knowledge, do the public defenders in area 22 meet the expectations
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2 3 4 5 6	the number of cases that the courts are seeing are going up? MR. MOORE: Just object to the form and also to the foundation, I think calls for speculation, but you can go ahead. A. I think it's a combination of two	1 2 3 4 5	Page 44 Q. To the best of your knowledge, do the public defenders in area 22 meet the expectations that are delineated in this memo? A. No. Q. And do you have an idea why they cannot meet these limitations?
2 3 4 5 6 7	the number of cases that the courts are seeing are going up? MR. MOORE: Just object to the form and also to the foundation, I think calls for speculation, but you can go ahead. A. I think it's a combination of two things. One is that we've had a substantial number	1 2 3 4 5 6	Page 44 Q. To the best of your knowledge, do the public defenders in area 22 meet the expectations that are delineated in this memo? A. No. Q. And do you have an idea why they cannot meet these limitations? A. Because the amount of time they spend either in court on cases that are before the court
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1	So you can either hear what the	1	Q. And have you communicated this issue
2	defendant is saying or what the attorney is saying.	2	with jail supervisor or
3	There is also a space for contact visits, but the	3	A. We requested it.
4	jail staff has access to those contact visit rooms	4	Q. Oh, you requested it.
5	and can listen in to those contact visit rooms.	5	A. Yes.
6	In the other jail, which is the	6	Q. And what was the purpose of the
7	St. Louis medium security institution, the there	7	request?
8	are two professional booths that have been there for	8	A. The phones rang nonstop with persons
9	a significant period of time and directly behind	9	calling in with the exact same question, and it took
10	them sits a correctional officer from the jail who	10	an entire support staff person's day simply to
11	can hear everything that is being said, as well as a	11	answer those phone calls, and as a result no other
12	number of other defendants who are waiting to see	12	phone calls could get into our office and attorneys
13	their attorney.	13	could not use the phone system to make calls out
14	That's in the two good booths. In the	14	because the phones were clogged from the phone calls
15	other booths you're literally talking through	15	from the jail. And there was no limitation in the
16	cardboard and there can be eight or nine attorneys	16	jail as to how often a person could use the phones.
17	in there at one time. And so you can hear anything	17	Q. Oh. So the there was there's no
18	that anybody is saying.	18	limitation to how many times they could call and
19	Q. Is there a way for an attorney who is	19	keep calling your office, so the phones would
20	not at the jail to contact a client in custody via a	20	before the the limitation was put in place would
21	phone?	21	literally be ringing off the hook with or clogging
22	A. It it happens on rare occasion where	22	all the lines?
23	you can reach their social worker and set up a phone	23	A. Yes.
24 25	call to the social worker's phone. Q. The social worker that's in the prison?	24 25	Q. While your support staff try and manage who the calls are going to or deal with the calls?
25	Q. The social worker that's in the prison:	25	wito the cans are going to or dear with the cans:
	Page 46		Page 48
1	A. The jail social worker, yes.	1	A. Correct.
2	Q. Okay. Do the clients in custody have	2	Q. Do you know if any other district
3	an ability to call their attorney from jail the	3	defenders have implemented similar procedures?
4	opposite? So one is the attorney calling in and	4	A. I don't believe so, but I don't know
5	A. No.	5	for certain.
6	Q. They don't have any way to contact	6	Q. If if a an attorney in your
7	their attorney?	7	office is calling to reach a client that's
8	A. No.	8	incarcerated and it's set up by a social worker, is
9	Q. And is that due to cost or just they're	9	that phone call confidential?
10	prohibited from using any form of communication?	10	A. No.
11	A. The phone system is set up so it will	11	Q. And why not?
12	not ring into our office.	12	A. The social worker is present.
13	Q. So will it ring into so will the	13	Q. Do you know if anyone else is present
14	phone system in the jail ring into other attorney	14	during that call?
15	private counsel office?	15	A. Not to my knowledge. Q. Do you know if that call is monitored
16			
17	A. Yes.	16	, and the second
17	Q. But it's so what you're saying is	17	at all by the jail?
18	Q. But it's so what you're saying is there's a technical limitation on the phone system	17 18	at all by the jail? A. It's not on the jail monitoring system.
18 19	Q. But it's so what you're saying is there's a technical limitation on the phone system that prohibits phone calls from either prison	17 18 19	at all by the jail? A. It's not on the jail monitoring system. It's on the private line not a private line, but
18 19 20	Q. But it's so what you're saying is there's a technical limitation on the phone system that prohibits phone calls from either prison A. Jail.	17 18 19 20	at all by the jail? A. It's not on the jail monitoring system. It's on the private line not a private line, but a jail line.
18 19 20 21	 Q. But it's so what you're saying is there's a technical limitation on the phone system that prohibits phone calls from either prison A. Jail. Q either jail in St. Louis city from 	17 18 19 20 21	at all by the jail? A. It's not on the jail monitoring system. It's on the private line not a private line, but a jail line. Q. Okay. Does area 22 have any procedures
18 19 20 21 22	Q. But it's so what you're saying is there's a technical limitation on the phone system that prohibits phone calls from either prison A. Jail. Q either jail in St. Louis city from ringing into the area 22 office?	17 18 19 20	at all by the jail? A. It's not on the jail monitoring system. It's on the private line not a private line, but a jail line. Q. Okay. Does area 22 have any procedures in place for dealing with immigration consequences
18 19 20 21	Q. But it's so what you're saying is there's a technical limitation on the phone system that prohibits phone calls from either prison A. Jail. Q either jail in St. Louis city from ringing into the area 22 office? A. It's not technical. It was done I	17 18 19 20 21 22	at all by the jail? A. It's not on the jail monitoring system. It's on the private line not a private line, but a jail line. Q. Okay. Does area 22 have any procedures
18 19 20 21 22 23	Q. But it's so what you're saying is there's a technical limitation on the phone system that prohibits phone calls from either prison A. Jail. Q either jail in St. Louis city from ringing into the area 22 office?	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	at all by the jail? A. It's not on the jail monitoring system. It's on the private line not a private line, but a jail line. Q. Okay. Does area 22 have any procedures in place for dealing with immigration consequences for criminal charges for your clients?

12 (Pages 45 to 48)

	Page 49		Page 51
1	· ·	1	
1 2	Catholic Legal Assistance Ministries, which is located at Saint Louis University Law School, and	1 2	MR. MAUNE: All right. VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 9:58. We
3	their immigration attorney provides assistance to us	3	are off the record.
4	for our clients at no cost.	4	(WHEREIN, a recess was taken.)
5	Q. How would immigration issues arise with	5	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 10:09. We
6	dealing with your clients or your attorneys'	6	are back on the record.
7	clients?	7	Q. (By Mr. Maune) I'd like to talk about
8	A. They could have collateral consequences	8	initial hearings for a little bit. At what point is
9	of deportation.	9	a defendant first brought before a judge?
10	Q. And how available are these legal	10	A. For the initial hearing, which is
11	assistants or are there attorneys at Saint Louis	11	usually 24 hours after they are booked on a case.
12	University that help you out?	12	It can be longer than that if they're booked on a
13	A. Yes.	13	Friday night or Friday day.
14	Q. How available are they to help?	14	Q. And are they if they are indigent,
15	 A. They're pretty good about returning 	15	do they have a defendant representing them at this
16	calls, and they've also provided us with an	16	initial hearing?
17	educational document that we have available for the	17	A. They do not have an attorney at the
18	attorneys.	18	initial hearing.
19	Q. How often do immigration issues arise	19	Q. Is bail set at this initial hearing in
20	for your clients?	20	area 22?
21	A. I would probably say less than five	21	A. The bail already is set at the time
22	percent of the cases.	22	that the warrant is issued. So when the case is
23	Q. Do you have any interpreters on staff	23	issued it is taken to the judge who is on duty to
24	at the public defenders office?	24	sign a warrant and to set bail.
25	A. No, not on staff.	25	Q. And does the judge use a bail schedule?
	Page 50		Page 52
1	Page 50 Q. How often do you have a need for	1	Page 52 A. No. There's no official bail schedule.
1 2		1 2	· ·
	Q. How often do you have a need for		A. No. There's no official bail schedule.
2	Q. How often do you have a need for interpreters when dealing with your clients? A. Not that frequently. I do have one attorney who speaks Spanish who is new to the office	2 3 4	 A. No. There's no official bail schedule. There is some informal bail schedules for certain crimes. Q. Can the bail amount be changed after
2 3 4 5	Q. How often do you have a need for interpreters when dealing with your clients? A. Not that frequently. I do have one attorney who speaks Spanish who is new to the office who I'm attempting to assign some of the Spanish	2 3 4 5	 A. No. There's no official bail schedule. There is some informal bail schedules for certain crimes. Q. Can the bail amount be changed after that point?
2 3 4 5 6	Q. How often do you have a need for interpreters when dealing with your clients? A. Not that frequently. I do have one attorney who speaks Spanish who is new to the office who I'm attempting to assign some of the Spanish speaking clients to. I would say ten to 15 clients	2 3 4 5 6	A. No. There's no official bail schedule. There is some informal bail schedules for certain crimes. Q. Can the bail amount be changed after that point? A. Yes.
2 3 4 5 6 7	Q. How often do you have a need for interpreters when dealing with your clients? A. Not that frequently. I do have one attorney who speaks Spanish who is new to the office who I'm attempting to assign some of the Spanish speaking clients to. I would say ten to 15 clients a year are in need of interpreters.	2 3 4 5 6 7	A. No. There's no official bail schedule. There is some informal bail schedules for certain crimes. Q. Can the bail amount be changed after that point? A. Yes. Q. And how would that bail amount be
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Q. How often do you have a need for interpreters when dealing with your clients? A. Not that frequently. I do have one attorney who speaks Spanish who is new to the office who I'm attempting to assign some of the Spanish speaking clients to. I would say ten to 15 clients a year are in need of interpreters. Q. And are there any other languages other	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. No. There's no official bail schedule. There is some informal bail schedules for certain crimes. Q. Can the bail amount be changed after that point? A. Yes. Q. And how would that bail amount be changed?
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13 (Pages 49 to 52)

	Page 53		Page 55
1	are any done by video?	1	Q. Cases that go to trial?
2	A. They're all done by video.	2	A. In cases that go to trial, probably
3	Q. They're all done by	3	25 percent of those cases.
4	A. With the exception of sometimes if	4	Q. How often in cases that go to trial do
5	there is someone who is clearly mentally ill the	5	your attorneys or investigators investigate a
6	court tries to bring them in to court in person.	6	client's alibi?
7	Q. Who makes the determination that the	7	A. Whenever one is provided.
8	client is clearly mental ill?	8	Q. How often do attorneys in your office
9	A. Evidently there's communication between	9	investigate police conduct in cases that go to
10	the jail and the court. And it doesn't happen very	10	trial?
11	often.	11	A. When you say police conduct, what are
12	Q. So at what point after this initial	12	you talking about?
13	hearing does your office get involved with a case?	13	Q. If there's any improprieties alleged by
14	A. After we receive an application and	14	the defendant, does your office have the ability to
15	determine that the person is indigent.	15	investigate those allegations?
16	Q. We'll talk a little bit about	16	A. So we do depositions of police
17	discovery. Do you have any sense for the percentage	17	officers
18	of cases that your attorneys handle in which they	18	Q. Okay.
19	interview witnesses?	19	A who are main witnesses in cases on a
20	A. I would guess 25 percent, maybe	20	pretty regular basis, and file motions to suppress
21	30 percent.	21	based upon, you know, Fourth Amendment violations,
22	Q. Interview the victim or the complaining	22	Fifth Amendment violations by those police officers.
23	witness?	23	We do not we have not been successful I should
24	A. Are you when you say witnesses	24	say in obtaining internal affairs reports about
25	Q. How often yeah, how	25	those officers, but we have attempted.
	Page 54		Page 56
1	Page 54 A you're you're differentiating	1	_
1 2	· ·	1 2	Page 56 Q. How often do your attorneys conduct depositions in cases that go to trial?
	A you're you're differentiating		Q. How often do your attorneys conduct
2	A you're you're differentiating from complaining witness?	2	Q. How often do your attorneys conduct depositions in cases that go to trial?
2	A you're you're differentiating from complaining witness? Q. Right. Initially the witnesses who	2 3	Q. How often do your attorneys conduct depositions in cases that go to trial? A. Oh, the cases that go to trial, I would
2 3 4	 A you're you're differentiating from complaining witness? Q. Right. Initially the witnesses who might be witnesses, but they're not the complaining 	2 3 4	Q. How often do your attorneys conduct depositions in cases that go to trial? A. Oh, the cases that go to trial, I would say 80 to 90 percent. And when you're talking about
2 3 4 5	A you're you're differentiating from complaining witness? Q. Right. Initially the witnesses who might be witnesses, but they're not the complaining witness or victim.	2 3 4 5	Q. How often do your attorneys conduct depositions in cases that go to trial? A. Oh, the cases that go to trial, I would say 80 to 90 percent. And when you're talking about that 25 to 30 percent, are those for cases that go
2 3 4 5 6	A you're you're differentiating from complaining witness? Q. Right. Initially the witnesses who might be witnesses, but they're not the complaining witness or victim. A. So witnesses who are not the	2 3 4 5 6	Q. How often do your attorneys conduct depositions in cases that go to trial? A. Oh, the cases that go to trial, I would say 80 to 90 percent. And when you're talking about that 25 to 30 percent, are those for cases that go to trial in terms of talking to the witnesses or
2 3 4 5 6 7	A you're you're differentiating from complaining witness? Q. Right. Initially the witnesses who might be witnesses, but they're not the complaining witness or victim. A. So witnesses who are not the complaining witness, it's probably less than	2 3 4 5 6 7	Q. How often do your attorneys conduct depositions in cases that go to trial? A. Oh, the cases that go to trial, I would say 80 to 90 percent. And when you're talking about that 25 to 30 percent, are those for cases that go to trial in terms of talking to the witnesses or complaining witnesses or just in all cases?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A you're you're differentiating from complaining witness? Q. Right. Initially the witnesses who might be witnesses, but they're not the complaining witness or victim. A. So witnesses who are not the complaining witness, it's probably less than 30 percent then. Q. Okay. A. And then in cases where they're	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Q. How often do your attorneys conduct depositions in cases that go to trial? A. Oh, the cases that go to trial, I would say 80 to 90 percent. And when you're talking about that 25 to 30 percent, are those for cases that go to trial in terms of talking to the witnesses or complaining witnesses or just in all cases? Q. Well, if you give both, so in all cases was that less than 30 percent and greater than 30 percent for
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14 (Pages 53 to 56)

	Page 57		Page 59
1	because that number includes cases that can't go to	1	experts for cases?
2	a jury trial.	2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Right. Do you have a sense out of the	3	Q. Is there a monetary amount or is it for
4	I guess the 4,262 cases that were initiated, what	4	all experts?
5	percentage of those are can go to a jury trial?	5	A. For all experts. Some of them then
6	A. So you would subtract probation	6	require second-level approval if they are over \$500
7	violations and juvenile cases.	7	or if it's a homicide case.
8	Q. Okay.	8	Q. And who approves the secondary
9	A. And then you would also have to	9	second-level approval for those types of cases?
10	subtract the cases where we withdrew before	10	A. The division director.
11	adjudication. And I would guess that those three	11	Q. Have you had cases where you've
12	figures come to 1,200 to 1,500. Probably closer to	12	requested experts that require secondary approval
13	1,200. About 3,000 cases left.	13	that were denied for some reason?
14	Q. Of the cases that go to trial, how	14	A. Yes.
15	often do your attorneys utilize expert witnesses?	15	Q. And what were the reasons stated for
16	A. Not often. We've utilized iden	16	those denials?
17	eyewitness identification experts and mental health	17	A. Generally they're in the mental health
18	experts. I think we have secured some medical	18	area, and it's usually a request to look for an
19	experts and some fingerprint analysis.	19	expert who is not as expensive. There's fortunately
20	Q. When you say not often, is that is	20	in St. Louis there's a number of experts
21	there a reason why experts are not utilized?	21	available, so we try and use the ones who do not
22	A. They don't add value to the case.	22	cost as much. And sometimes it's because of a lack
23	Q. Besides eyewitness identification	23	of a clear reason for the mental health expert.
24	experts and mental health experts, are there any	24	Q. Do you have a list of experts for your
25	other types of experts that your attorneys would	25	attorneys to use?
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	Page 58		Page 60
1	Page 58 could utilize on a case?	1	Page 60 A. The system has a database of experts.
1 2	· ·	1 2	· ·
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2	could utilize on a case? A. So we've we have utilized also	2	A. The system has a database of experts.Q. And who comes up with the experts that
2	could utilize on a case? A. So we've we have utilized also medical experts, so in shaken baby cases, for	2 3	A. The system has a database of experts. Q. And who comes up with the experts that are in your system?
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2 3 4 5	could utilize on a case? A. So we've we have utilized also medical experts, so in shaken baby cases, for instance, or child death cases. DNA, we've had cases reviewed for DNA analysis. We have had hired	2 3 4 5	A. The system has a database of experts. Q. And who comes up with the experts that are in your system? A. So once somebody has used somebody they're in the system.
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15 (Pages 57 to 60)

	Page 61		Page 63
1	discovery in the manner each case requires?	1	investigators?
2	A. No.	2	MR. MOORE: Also object to the form of
3	Q. And what is the reason they don't have	3	the question. I think it's kind of vaque. Subject
4	the time?	4	to that, you can respond.
5	A. The number of cases that they're	5	A. I think some of the more experienced
6	handling, and in addition so many of the cases now	6	attorneys do, but we have a large number of
7	have electronic discovery, such as jail phone calls	7	inexperienced attorneys in the office, so the
8	or cell phone data, both of which are very	8	majority of the attorneys do not.
9	time-consuming to go through.	9	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Do you believe you have
10	Q. Do your attorneys review camera footage	10	the an adequate number of investigators to handle
11	from police cameras and police vehicles?	11	the cases that are staffed?
12	A. If we receive it and if we do not	12	A. No.
13	receive it and believe it exists, we we have	13	Q. Do attorneys in your district regularly
14	requested it.	14	seek continuances?
15	Q. Are officers in St. Louis city wearing	15	A. Yes.
16	personal body cameras?	16	Q. And if so, what do you think is the
17	A. I don't think so. We're not getting	17	reason?
18	any any data from them.	18	A. The general reasons are discovery is
19	Q. Okay.	19	incomplete. Defense investigation is ongoing.
20	A. There may be a few who are	20	Competence of defendant is being evaluated or the
21	experimenting with it.	21	attorney's trial schedule is such that they do not
22	Q. At what point in a case would attorneys	22	have time to prepare the case for trial.
23	request the hiring of an expert? How long before	23	Q. Are these continuances often granted by
24	trial?	24	the courts?
25	A. Generally once discovery is received	25	A. And I'm sorry, can I add one more?
	Page 62		Page 64
1	Page 62	1	Page 64
1 2	and reviewed. So it takes a long time for a case to	1	Q. Go ahead.
2	and reviewed. So it takes a long time for a case to get to trial in the city of St. Louis. So it could	2	Q. Go ahead.A. The the case was recently
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16 (Pages 61 to 64)

	Page 65		Page 67
1	it's the second, third, sometimes fourth attorney	1	investigate or draft such a motion?
2	assigned to the case.	2	A. There probably are, yes. I'd have to
3	Q. Talk about traveling. How much time do	3	know the specifics of the case to know what motions.
4	your attorneys spend in traveling for conflict cases	4	Q. Regarding such motions, aside from
5	currently?	5	suppression motions do you believe there are motions
6	So currently we have three attorneys	6	that your attorneys motions that may be warranted
7	who handle conflict cases. One of them handles	7	by the case, but your attorneys did not have the
8	Jefferson County and St. Francois County. So that	8	experience to realize that such motions may be
9	person spends a significant amount of time traveling	9	warranted?
10	to those jurisdictions.	10	A. Yes.
11	One of the persons handles Franklin	11	Q. Do you have a sense for how often in
12	County, and again, that's about a 40 to minute to	12	area 22 your attorneys take noncapital homicide
13	an hour drive each way. The third person handles	13	cases to trial on an annual basis?
14	St. Louis County and St. Charles County. So that	14	A. We probably try ten to 15 homicides a
15	person travels, but not as frequently because those	15	year.
16	jurisdictions are closer.	16	Q. And for A/B felonies, not including
17	Q. How long does the person who's handling	17	homicide?
18	the Jefferson, St. Francois County on average, how	18	A. Well, we try 90 90 to a hundred
19	long is their travel time?	19	cases per year, and I would say 50 percent of those
20	A. From the city to Jefferson County is	20	are homicides or serious felonies and 50 percent are
21	about an hour. From the city to St. Francois County	21	what we would label gun or drug case or misdemeanor.
22	is about an hour and a half.	22	And other jury trials.
23	Q. And have all new cases that new	23	Q. And out of those 90 to a hundred cases,
24	conflict cases been assigned to contract attorneys	24	do you have an estimate how many are juvenile cases?
25	since July 1st of 2017?	25	A. So juvenile cases don't get a jury
		_	
	Page 66		Page 68
1	Page 66 A. With the exception of those where we	1	Page 68 trial.
1 2		1 2	· ·
	A. With the exception of those where we	1	trial.
2	A. With the exception of those where we already represent the defendant in another case.	2	trial. Q. Don't get a jury trial.
2	A. With the exception of those where we already represent the defendant in another case. Q. Okay. How often do your attorneys file	2 3	trial. Q. Don't get a jury trial. A. Many of them, however, are
2 3 4	 A. With the exception of those where we already represent the defendant in another case. Q. Okay. How often do your attorneys file suppression motions? 	2 3 4	trial. Q. Don't get a jury trial. A. Many of them, however, are 17-year-olds, which in most of the country are
2 3 4 5	 A. With the exception of those where we already represent the defendant in another case. Q. Okay. How often do your attorneys file suppression motions? A. Generally in any case that is going to 	2 3 4 5	trial. Q. Don't get a jury trial. A. Many of them, however, are 17-year-olds, which in most of the country are juveniles, but in Missouri they're automatically
2 3 4 5 6	A. With the exception of those where we already represent the defendant in another case. Q. Okay. How often do your attorneys file suppression motions? A. Generally in any case that is going to trial. And in a small percentage of the cases that	2 3 4 5 6	trial. Q. Don't get a jury trial. A. Many of them, however, are 17-year-olds, which in most of the country are juveniles, but in Missouri they're automatically transferred to adult court.
2 3 4 5 6 7	A. With the exception of those where we already represent the defendant in another case. Q. Okay. How often do your attorneys file suppression motions? A. Generally in any case that is going to trial. And in a small percentage of the cases that do not go to trial.	2 3 4 5 6 7	trial. Q. Don't get a jury trial. A. Many of them, however, are 17-year-olds, which in most of the country are juveniles, but in Missouri they're automatically transferred to adult court. Q. How many juvenile cases per year do
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17 (Pages 65 to 68)

	Page 69		Page 7'
1	City of St. Louis.	1	and then the attorney would have a second meeting
2	Q. In your opinion, do your attorneys have	2	with the client after they've received discovery.
3 1	the time and resources to adequately prepare for	3	So that would be the minimal time before a case
4 . 1	trial?	4	would be resolved with a plea.
5	A. They do if that was all they were	5	Q. And do you have any local procedures
6 (doing.	6	for counseling your attorneys prior to accepting
7	Q. What are the other what are the	7	to discussing the case with you or a more serious
8	other things your attorneys are doing, is it	8	experienced attorney in the office before counseling
9	preparing for other cases that are not going to	9	that client on accepting a guilty plea?
10 1	trial?	10	A. So the newest attorneys meet with the
11	A. Right. So we have attorneys who on a	11	deputy district defender, and one of the purposes is
12	pretty consistent basis have a trial set every week	12	to discuss their cases that are coming to resolution
13 1	for a period of five or six weeks. So if they're	13	and get advice on whether or not it's a good
14 :	spending the time they need to prepare those cases	14	resolution.
15 1	for trial, they're not paying attention to any of	15	Q. How are plea offers communicated with
16 1	their other clients.	16	your clients?
17	And when they should be preparing for	17	A. So in our jurisdiction there aren't
18 ı	next week's trial they're in trial this week. So if	18	very many plea offers. Most pleas are open pleas
19	you just took the number of cases we took to trial	19	where the range of punishment is available to the
20	and gave us responsibility for those, we would have	20	court and based upon evidence presented by the state
21	plenty of time and resources.	21	and the defense the court makes a decision. If we
22	Q. If how often do you have	22	receive a plea offer, then they're usually
23 :	second-chair attorneys participate in trial?	23	communicated in person. Sometimes through letters.
24	A. Our policy is first misdemeanor jury	24	Q. In your opinion, do your attorneys have
25	trial, first two felony jury trials, first sex	25	the time and resources to adequately negotiate plea
	Page 70		Page 72
1 (offense jury trial, and first homicide jury trial.	1	deals and counsel their clients on whether or not to
2	We have not been able to meet that requirement	2	accept a plea?
3 (consistently this year because we haven't had enough	3	A. No. In large part because negotiation
4 ;	attorneys who have had trial experience to do those	4	has not occurred. So there's literally no one in
5	second chairs.	5	the office who has experience negotiating plea deals
6	Q. How does your office prioritize having	6	because they've all been open pleas.
7 :	second trial, is it by the seriousness of the		, ,
,	second that, is it by the seriousness of the	7	Q. Is that has that been consistent
	charges?	7 8	
	_		Q. Is that has that been consistent
8 9	charges?	8	Q. Is that has that been consistent since you started as the district defender in 2007?
8 0 9 10 1	charges? A. You mean how do we prioritize who gets	8 9	Q. Is that has that been consistent since you started as the district defender in 2007? A. Yes. Yeah. There is a new circuit
8 9 10 †	charges? A. You mean how do we prioritize who gets the second chair?	8 9 10	Q. Is that has that been consistent since you started as the district defender in 2007? A. Yes. Yeah. There is a new circuit attorney as of this year, and she has informed the
8 9 10 1 11	charges? A. You mean how do we prioritize who gets the second chair? Q. Correct.	8 9 10 11	Q. Is that has that been consistent since you started as the district defender in 2007? A. Yes. Yeah. There is a new circuit attorney as of this year, and she has informed the court that she intends to move towards pursuing
8 9 10 1 11 12 13 3	charges? A. You mean how do we prioritize who gets the second chair? Q. Correct. A. No. It's generally the place that we	8 9 10 11 12	Q. Is that has that been consistent since you started as the district defender in 2007? A. Yes. Yeah. There is a new circuit attorney as of this year, and she has informed the court that she intends to move towards pursuing negotiated pleas, but it hasn't happened in her
8 9 10 1 11 12 13 3	charges? A. You mean how do we prioritize who gets the second chair? Q. Correct. A. No. It's generally the place that we are lacking is in the more serious cases. So to get	8 9 10 11 12 13	Q. Is that has that been consistent since you started as the district defender in 2007? A. Yes. Yeah. There is a new circuit attorney as of this year, and she has informed the court that she intends to move towards pursuing negotiated pleas, but it hasn't happened in her first year in office. But as a result, those
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8 9 10 11 12 13 3 14 3 15 16 17 18 11 19 22 22 1 12 22 10 1	charges? A. You mean how do we prioritize who gets the second chair? Q. Correct. A. No. It's generally the place that we are lacking is in the more serious cases. So to get an attorney to second chair a homicide case makes sense that you've tried a homicide case, and we don't have enough attorneys who have done that. So sometimes the second chair has been a person who themselves has never tried a homicide case. And the same same issue with sex offenses. Q. How much time do your attorneys spend working up a case before the attorneys advise a	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 Q. Is that has that been consistent since you started as the district defender in 2007? A. Yes. Yeah. There is a new circuit attorney as of this year, and she has informed the court that she intends to move towards pursuing negotiated pleas, but it hasn't happened in her first year in office. But as a result, those attorneys have to prepare a lot more cases for trial in order to be able to determine what's a reasonable resolution. Q. Do your attorneys request psychiatric evaluations for your clients? A. Yes. Q. Are these private evaluations? A. Sometimes.
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18 (Pages 69 to 72)

	Page 73		Page 75
1	Q. Are the lineup's videotaped?	1	income to make that determination?
2	A. No.	2	A. In juvenile court in St. Louis city the
3	Q. Are they live or are they picture?	3	court's position is that every child is indigent.
4	A. They're live. Usually.	4	Q. Have your attorneys expressed any
5	Q. Do your clients ever participate in	5	concerns with representing clients in juvenile
6	interviews for presentence investigation reports?	6	court?
7	A. Very rarely.	7	A. Can you be more specific?
8	Q. And do attorneys in your office	8	Q. Have your attorneys expressed any
9	represent clients for such interviews?	9	concerns with their experience or training with
10	A. I think there's been maybe one or two	10	representing juveniles in juvenile court?
11	occasions in the ten years I've been there where an	11	A. No, because we've had a juvenile
12	attorney participated.	12	specialist, and the attorneys who are now being
13	Q. Are there attorneys notified of these	13	trained are being mentored through the process.
14	proceedings?	14	Q. How do your attorneys in your office
15	A. They're notified that an investigation	15	prepare for detention hearings?
16	is going to happen, but not when it is going to	16	A. Meet the child. We obtain the
17	happen. So the burden is on the attorney to find	17	petition, the probable cause statement, what's
18	out when it's going to happen and to let the	18	called the juvenile summary, and the juvenile
19	investigator know they'd like to be present.	19	detention alternatives score sheet, and make contact
20	Q. If one of your clients decides to	20	with family if able to.
21	withdraw a plea in the rare cases that pleas are	21	Q. What resources are available to your
22	available, what steps do your attorneys take?	22	attorneys to identify alternatives to detention for
23	A. To withdraw a plea?	23	juvenile clients?
24	Q. Yes.	24	A. I'm not sure what you mean. We
25	A. You'd have to demonstrate some manifest	25	generally advocate for release from detention and
		1	
			Page 76
1		1	· ·
1 2	injustice. So you would have to file a motion to	1 2	Page 76 that release would either be to parents' home or to another relative's home. So that would be the
1 2 3	injustice. So you would have to file a motion to accomplish it.		that release would either be to parents' home or to another relative's home. So that would be the
2	injustice. So you would have to file a motion to accomplish it. Q. Would an indigent defendant represented	2	that release would either be to parents' home or to another relative's home. So that would be the investigation that we do.
2 3 4	injustice. So you would have to file a motion to accomplish it. Q. Would an indigent defendant represented by your office ever withdraw a plea without legal	2 3	that release would either be to parents' home or to another relative's home. So that would be the investigation that we do. Q. How do your attorneys in your office
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2 3 4 5	injustice. So you would have to file a motion to accomplish it. Q. Would an indigent defendant represented by your office ever withdraw a plea without legal representation? A. Not that I know of.	2 3 4 5	that release would either be to parents' home or to another relative's home. So that would be the investigation that we do. Q. How do your attorneys in your office prepare to advocate for informal adjustment? A. We do not handle informal adjustments.
2 3 4 5 6	injustice. So you would have to file a motion to accomplish it. Q. Would an indigent defendant represented by your office ever withdraw a plea without legal representation? A. Not that I know of. Q. Have your attorneys for area 22 ever	2 3 4 5 6	that release would either be to parents' home or to another relative's home. So that would be the investigation that we do. Q. How do your attorneys in your office prepare to advocate for informal adjustment? A. We do not handle informal adjustments. Q. And why is that?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	injustice. So you would have to file a motion to accomplish it. Q. Would an indigent defendant represented by your office ever withdraw a plea without legal representation? A. Not that I know of. Q. Have your attorneys for area 22 ever waived or skipped voir dire during trial? A. No. Q. Who will notify a defendant of his or her right to an appeal after trial? A. The trial counsel. Q. We've covered a lot of these, so I'm just going through. How are indigency determinations made for juveniles? A. In juvenile court, the court makes a determination that the child needs counsel and notifies us. We go ahead and enter an appearance and then the attorney will look to see if there is a concern that the child is not indigent, but in the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	that release would either be to parents' home or to another relative's home. So that would be the investigation that we do. Q. How do your attorneys in your office prepare to advocate for informal adjustment? A. We do not handle informal adjustments. Q. And why is that? A. They're not eligible under the Chapter 600. Q. Okay. Are attorneys from your office present at all diversion conferences for juvenile clients? A. What do you mean by diversion conferences? Q. Are there are there conferences in St. Louis city for diversion from diversion programs for juvenile clients? A. So there was a drug court in juvenile court, so we would have been present at that, had been part of the conversation,
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19 (Pages 73 to 76)

	Do 27		Dog 70
	Page 77		Page 79
1	A. It was a terrible program. No child	1	will go towards jury trial, but they've ranged from
2	succeeded and it was a program that was created for	2	low level felonies up to homicide cases that we have
3	adults and didn't work with children who were	3	assigned out.
4	smoking marijuana.	4	Q. What type of training is done for the
5	MR. MAUNE: Talk a little bit about the	5	pro bono counsel that are handling these cases?
6	Missouri Coalition for the Right to Counsel.	6	A. They're the public defender system
7	(Exhibit 6, Previously marked exhibit.)	7	put on a two-day training for the initial group in
8	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Handing you a document	8	January I mean I'm sorry, in April of 2017 in
9	that's been previously marked Petsch Document Number	9	St. Louis.
10	6. Have you seen this document before?	10	Then there was another training in
11	A. I have.	11	October 2017 in Kansas City as well as a half-day
12	Q. And what is it?	12	training here in St. Louis at the same time. And
13	A. It's the notification of case	13	then there's another training coming up in January.
14	assignment to a volunteer attorney through the	14	And the training involves the skills necessary to
15	Missouri Coalition for the Right to Counsel.	15	handle a jury trial.
16	Q. And can you tell me a little bit about	16	Q. Do you anticipate having to strike
17	the Missouri Coalition for the Right to Counsel	17	that.
18	program?	18	Who from your office conducts the
19	A. So an attorney who was retiring from	19	training?
20	Armstrong Teasdale I think spoke to the director of	20	A. I have participated in the training.
21	the public defender system about providing	21	Rick Kroger, who was the deputy district defender,
22	assistance to the public defender system by	22	participated. Megan Beesley and Erika Wurst and
23	involving private attorneys from large civil firms	23	Matthew Mahaffey, who are all assistant public
24	to give the public defender the benefit of	24	defenders in our office, have been involved in the
25	additional counsel and to give the firms the benefit	25	training.
	Page 78		Page 80
1	of getting their associates trial experience. And	1	Q. Do you anticipate continuing this
2	the Missouri Coalition was formed and we have		initial training on an annual bacic for privato
3		2	initial training on an annual basis for private
	participated in it since it has been formed.	3	counsel?
4	participated in it since it has been formed. O. Do you know how long ago it was formed?		
4 5	·	3	counsel?
	Q. Do you know how long ago it was formed?	3 4	counsel? A. I don't know if the ones who have
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20 (Pages 77 to 80)

	Page 81		Page 83
1	Q. Have any of the 36 cases that have been	1	tell me what happened.
2	assigned to pro bono counsel gone to trial?	2	Q. Do you anticipate the number of cases
3	A. Yes.	3	being assigned to pro bono counsel in area 22 to
4	Q. Do you have an idea how many?	4	change over the next several years?
5	A. Two. Two went to trial to a jury	5	A. I would like to see it increase.
6	verdict. Three went to trial and were dismissed at	6	Q. Talk a little bit about training and
7	the time they were sent out to trial.	7	development of your new attorneys. You said you
8	Q. Are the rest of the cases still	8	have several new attorneys in your office. What
9	pending?	9	type of training do those attorneys first receive
10	A. No. There are I believe eight or	10	when they're hired on?
11	nine cases that either plead or are now	11	A. So we've hired 15 attorneys in this
12	participating in diversion court.	12	last year. So 15 of our 30 attorneys have been
13	Q. How are resources I'll be more	13	there one year or less. And when they initially
14	specific.	14	join the office they are placed on what we call the
15	How are experts compensated for these	15	green team because they are the green attorneys, and
16	types of cases, do those expert those requests	16	once a week they meet with the deputy district
17	for funding for experts still go to the public	17	defender.
18	defenders office?	18	The previous deputy district defender
19	A. I believe they can make that request,	19	was a more informal discussion about cases. The
20	but I think there was also a hope that the private	20	current deputy district defender is trying to create
21	firm would take care of that expense when possible.	21	a curriculum so that as attorneys cycle through the
22	Q. Do you know if that's occurred to this	22	office we'll have the curriculum prepared and
23	point?	23	they'll have access to it.
24	A. I know the private firms have paid for	24	Q. So these 15 new attorneys that you've
25	their own depositions through the assistance of	25	hired in the last year, are they all new attorneys
		 	
	Page 82		Page 84
1	Midwest Litigation. I know they have they have	1	right out of law school?
2	hired their own investigators in some cases. At	2	A. No. So one of them is a transfer from
3	times they've asked us to assist them in serving	1 2	another office. One is a former prosecutor. One is
4		3	another office. One is a former prosecutor. One is
4	subpoenas or finding witnesses.	4	a former public defender. One worked at Lewis Rice.
4 5	subpoenas or finding witnesses. And I don't know that anyone has hired		•
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5	And I don't know that anyone has hired	4 5	a former public defender. One worked at Lewis Rice. One had worked in Missouri government, but not
5 6	And I don't know that anyone has hired an expert witness, although I take that back. I	4 5 6	a former public defender. One worked at Lewis Rice. One had worked in Missouri government, but not really as an attorney. I think more as a policy
5 6 7	And I don't know that anyone has hired an expert witness, although I take that back. I think we had a case recently where a mental health	4 5 6 7	a former public defender. One worked at Lewis Rice. One had worked in Missouri government, but not really as an attorney. I think more as a policy person.
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21 (Pages 81 to 84)

	Page 85		Page 87
1	wide training that the new attorneys would also	1	of the in re Hinkebein decision?
2	attend. So in their first year they could attend	2	A. We had individual meetings with every
3	four trainings. But if you get hired immediately	3	attorney to evaluate their caseloads and to find out
4	after one of those trainings, you have to wait a	4	from them whether or not they felt their caseload
5	year to take it.	5	was too high, and if they did, then we added
6	Q. If if a attorney is hired right	6	additional information to the case assignment sheet
7	after the Missouri State Public Defenders Office has	7	to stop them from receiving any new assignments
8	hired new or has handled new attorney training,	8	until that changed.
9	how does that impact your assignment of cases for	9	Q. In your experience, what has been the
10	that attorney over the year till they can get that	10	response from the courts in in your district with
11	training?	11	respect to this decision?
12	A. It doesn't. They they generally get	12	 A. I've spoken to the presiding judge who
13	new cases their first day on the job. Or they get	13	is very empathetic with our position and who wants
14	cases that already exist and the previous attorney	14	to make certain that our caseloads remain
15	left are transferred to them their first day on the	15	reasonable. I've spoken to the what we call the
16	job.	16	criminal assignment judge who manages the criminal
17	Q. What are your policies and procedures	17	docket. He's been less empathetic, but is willing
18	for for supervising these new attorneys that have	18	to talk if we get to the point where we have to put
19	started in your office?	19	people on wait list.
20	A. I don't know that we have any formal	20	Q. Do you currently have a wait list?
21	policies. I mean, other than if they take a case to	21	A. No.
22	a jury trial they need a second chair for their	22	Q. Have you ever had a wait list in your
23	first misdemeanor and first two felony trials, first	23	previous ten years?
24	sex and homicide. But hopefully that wouldn't	24	A. Back in 2012 we had a wait list, I
25	happen in their first year. And they're evaluated	25	believe.
	Page 86		Page 88
1	at the end of that first year.	1	Q. And in 2012 who decided what clients
2	Q. Do you have any mechanisms for	2	would go on a wait list?
3	attorneys to raise concerns about their caseloads?	3	A. I did based upon an administrative
4	A. Yes.	4	order that was issued by the court.
5	Q. And can you please describe those	5	Q. How did clients get off the wait list
6	mechanisms or policies or procedures that you have?	6	for representation?
7	A. We've met with all of the attorneys in	7	A. I don't remember the specifics of how
8	the office and discussed their ethical obligations	8	it worked, but my recollection is that the wait list
9	and informed them of their duty to bring their	9	ended when the public defender system decided to not
10	attention to bring to our attention if they	10	use the certification protocol. And I believe
11	believe their caseload is too high. And I also	11	and I would have to double-check this, but I
12	monitor their caseloads on a regular basis to see if	12	believed we used that indigence docket also as a way
13	I believe there is concerns with it being too high.	13	for cases to come off the wait list.
14	Q. Can attorneys refuse cases because they	14	Q. Have there been any changes in the
15	believe their caseload is too high?	15	number of attorneys in your office that helped
16	A. They could. They have not had to	16	alleviate the need for a wait list?
17	because any attorney who has requested that they not	17	We actually took on a heavier caseload
18	receive new cases, that request has been honored.	18	during the last several years so that we could free
19	Q. And what happens to the case if it was	19	up a position for another office. So in when I
20	refused by an attorney because their current	20	began in 2007 we handled first-level conflicts for
21	caseload is too high?	21	St. Francois County, Jefferson County, and St. Louis
22	 A. It goes to another attorney within the 	22	County, and second-level conflicts for Franklin
23	- CC: 1 1 1 - : : - 1 - 1		
	office at this point.	23	County and St. Charles County.
24 25	office at this point. Q. What have have there been any changes in policy that you've implemented in light	23 24 25	County and St. Charles County. We took on first-level conflicts for Franklin County and St. Charles County, which is

22 (Pages 85 to 88)

	Page 89		Page 91
1	basically a position. And St. Louis County lost	1	Q. And was that due to 15 openings that
2	that responsibility. So we didn't change the number	2	happened in your office previous to them starting?
3	of attorneys, but we changed the responsibilities,	3	A. Yes.
4	and I think that happened in 2011 or 12. I think	4	Q. Is that number of openings in a single
5	maybe that happened in 2013.	5	year unusual for area 22?
6	Q. Have you drafted or I guess sent any	6	A. It's higher than it has been I believe
7	memoranda to the courts concerning the in re	7	in ten years, but it's generally between eight and
8	Hinkebein decision?	8	12 a year.
9	A. No.	9	Q. What do you believe is the cause for
10	Q. Has there been a reaction to the best	10	this turnover rate?
11	of your knowledge from the local bar association in	11	A. The high workload, the high trial
12	your district regarding this decision?	12	calendar or difficult trial calendar in the city
13	A. No.	13	of St. Louis. And the low pay.
14	MR. MAUNE: It's a good place for a	14	Q. Can you expand on what you mean by a
15	break.	15	difficult trial calendar in the city of St. Louis?
16	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 11:06. We	16	A. So our office tries more cases to a
17	are off the record.	17	jury trial than any other office in the state, and
18	(WHEREIN, a recess was taken.)	18	that's consistent with our circuit. Our circuit
19	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 11:15. We	19	does that more than any other circuit in the state.
20	are back on the record.	20	And because there are no plea
21	(Exhibit 5, Previously marked exhibit.)	21	negotiations, many more cases are prepared for trial
22	Q. (By Mr. Maune) I've handed you what's	22	and then resolved at the time the case is sent to
23	been previously marked as Exhibit Number 5	23	trial or dismissed by the state at the time that a
24	Cardarella. Can you please take a few minutes to	24	case is sent to trial.
25	review this document, let me know when you're ready	25	So in addition to the about a
	Page 90		D 02
			Page 92
1		1	Page 92
1	to proceed.	1 2	hundred cases that are sent out to trial and go to
2	to proceed. A. Okay.	2	hundred cases that are sent out to trial and go to trial, there's an additional 60 a year, 50 to 60 a
2	to proceed. A. Okay. Q. Have you seen this document before?	2	hundred cases that are sent out to trial and go to trial, there's an additional 60 a year, 50 to 60 a year that are sent out to trial and the state
2 3 4	to proceed. A. Okay. Q. Have you seen this document before? A. I have I believe it's in our	2 3 4	hundred cases that are sent out to trial and go to trial, there's an additional 60 a year, 50 to 60 a year that are sent out to trial and the state dismisses them after you've spent time preparing the
2 3 4 5	to proceed. A. Okay. Q. Have you seen this document before? A. I have I believe it's in our litigation, but I'm not positive but I've looked at	2 3 4 5	hundred cases that are sent out to trial and go to trial, there's an additional 60 a year, 50 to 60 a year that are sent out to trial and the state dismisses them after you've spent time preparing the case for trial.
2 3 4 5 6	to proceed. A. Okay. Q. Have you seen this document before? A. I have I believe it's in our litigation, but I'm not positive but I've looked at it. It's in our litigation board.	2 3 4 5 6	hundred cases that are sent out to trial and go to trial, there's an additional 60 a year, 50 to 60 a year that are sent out to trial and the state dismisses them after you've spent time preparing the case for trial. And the way the trial docket is set up,
2 3 4 5 6 7	to proceed. A. Okay. Q. Have you seen this document before? A. I have I believe it's in our litigation, but I'm not positive but I've looked at it. It's in our litigation board. Q. Do you know what it what it is?	2 3 4 5 6 7	hundred cases that are sent out to trial and go to trial, there's an additional 60 a year, 50 to 60 a year that are sent out to trial and the state dismisses them after you've spent time preparing the case for trial. And the way the trial docket is set up, if you are suddenly available and have another case
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23 (Pages 89 to 92)

Page 95 Page 93 1 A. In St. Louis County there have always a not guilty verdict, but that's a lot of -- that's 1 2 been plea negotiations. In St. Louis City plea 2 a very serious responsibility to give to an attorney 3 negotiations ended when Jennifer Joyce became the 3 with that little experience. 4 circuit attorney, and I believe that was 2000. 4 So we generally have 60 plus homicides 5 Shortly after she -- she took office. 5 pending at any one time. And currently in the 6 6 Q. And has the lack of plea office we have five attorneys who have tried a 7 7 arrangements -homicide. Six, I'm sorry. Six. 8 A. I'm sorry, can I correct that? I'm 8 Q. Do you -- do you know where the 9 wrong. 9 attorneys who are leaving your office, do they go 10 Q. Yes, go ahead. 10 into private practice? 11 A. She took office in 2000, and pursuant 11 A. Some go into private criminal practice. 12 pleas stopped happening after she took office 12 Several have gone to civil firms. Some have 13 because her recommendations were so high. I think 13 transferred to other public defender offices and 14 she did not stop making recommendations until 2012 14 some have left the practice of law. 15 or 2013. But even when there were recommendations, 15 Q. And when someone -- when an attorney 16 most pleas were -- were open. 16 leaves your -- your office, is their position filled 17 Q. So when you say her recommendations 17 right away? 18 were so high, does that mean that the -- the 18 A. We have to go through the hiring 19 penalties were very high for those crimes? 19 process, so it takes probably minimal three months 20 A. Yes. And higher than the court thought 20 to get filled. was appropriate. Q. How does your office advertise its open 21 21 22 Q. And what has been the impact on your 22 attorney positions? 23 office from St. Louis City stopping plea 23 A. That's done through the HR office in negotiations on your attorneys' workload? 24 24 Columbia. I think they use some of those computer A. It means that you -- it is much more websites, but I don't know which ones specifically. 2.5 2.5 Page 94 Page 96 Q. Has -- has area 22 ever lost positions 1 difficult first of all to gain your client's trust, 1 2 because they have not been timely filled? 2 that they can plead open in front of a judge they 3 A. No. 3 have never met and their case has never been in Q. Is that a possibility if a position is 4 front of before and that you can accurately predict 4 not filled in a sufficient number of months that the 5 what that judge will do with their case. 5 6 So when they're entering a plea of 6 position would be moved to another office? 7 quilty they have to state that they know the court 7 MR. MOORE: I'll just -- sorry. I'll just object, it calls for speculation, but you can 8 has the full range of punishment in front of them, 8 go ahead. 9 and the attorney has to be able to counsel them on 9 10 10 A. Not to my knowledge. what they believe the result will be. Q. (By Mr. Maune) Since you've been the 11 And generally we're right, but 11 12 district defender, are you aware of any cases in 12 obviously it requires a lot of trust for someone to which one of -- a court has found that one of 13 believe that you're right in that situation and to 13 14 decide that a plea is in their best interest. 14 indigent defendants have received insufficient --15 Q. What are the kind of problems for your 15 MR. MOORE: Ineffective. Q. (By Mr. Maune) -- ineffective 16 office are caused by such a high turnover rate? 16 17 A. We don't have enough experienced 17 assistance of counsel? 18 attorneys to try the serious cases. So I have --18 A. Yes 19 some of those 15 attorneys that were hired this year 19 Q. And how often has that occurred? 2.0 already have homicide cases assigned to them. I --20 A. There have been two cases that have 21 this year we had two attorneys we labeled APD2, so 21 come out of my office to -- to my knowledge. One 22 was for lack of investigation and one was for that means they had been with the system for more 22 23 conveying incorrect information 23 than one year, less than three years, who both tried 2.4 murder first cases this year. 2.4 Q. After the in re Hinkebein decision, 25 25 Now, fortunately both of them obtained have your attorneys expressed concern regarding this

24 (Pages 93 to 96)

	Page 97		Page 99
1	decision?	1	are they assigned to
2	A. They've discussed it, yes. They're	2	A. They're assigned to
3	concerned. They were concerned for Mr. Hinkebein.	3	(Court reporter interruption.)
4	They were concerned for what it means for	4	A attorneys.
5	themselves.	5	Q. (By Mr. Maune) And do you know what
6	Q. Is there anything else you think we	6	is there what the current ratio, I guess, if it's
7	should know regarding your office's ability	7	five administrative staff; is that correct?
8	strike that.	8	A. Well, no. It's one, two, three,
9	A. Excuse me.	9	four there's four who are assigned just to
10	Q. Do you believe you have a sufficient	10	attorneys. There are others who have other
11	number of investigators?	11	responsibilities and/or assigned to attorneys. So
12	A. No.	12	for instance, the legal assistant who have done our
13	Q. Do you have an idea how what the	13	indigence applications is also the secretary for
14	ratio of attorney to investigator should be?	14	several attorneys.
15	A. No, but I can tell you that trying a	15	The legal assistant who manages our
16	hundred plus cases a year, we never have an	16	front office and handles all the incoming people and
17	investigator at the trial. The investigators are	17	phone calls also is assigned to certain attorneys.
18	continually interviewing and investigating future	18	The legal assistant who handles our juvenile docket
19	cases and/or serving subpoenas. So when an attorney	19	also has certain attorneys. So there's only two
20	goes to trial, they do not have an investigator with	20	support staff who do nothing but have attorneys.
21	them.	21	Q. So it's roughly roughly seven to
22	Q. So so how do the investigators	22	one, seven attorneys for each assistant, but it's
23	receive feedback from the trial as to the	23	not directly correspondent because some are assigned
24	effectiveness of their investigation or	24	solely for juvenile?
25	A. Hope the attorney has enough time to	25	A. Correct.
	Page 98		Page 100
	· ·		· ·
1	send a nice e-mail or to stop by and tell them.	1	MR. MAUNE: Okay. I should be done. I
2	Q. How about administrative staff, do you	2	just want to go off record for a minute and let's
3	have sufficient	3	make sure I got everything cleaned up and then we'll
4	A. Excuse me.	4	be done.
5	Q. Do you have sufficient administrative	5	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 11:30. We
6	staff?	6	are off the record.
7	A. We are pretty well staffed	7	(WHEREIN, a recess was taken.)
8 9	administratively. And I say that, but but at the same time our attorneys still do a lot of their own	8 9	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 11:32. We
10	work. So while our staff, our administrative staff	10	are back on the record. MR. MAUNE: I'm handing you handing
11	do our initial pleadings, get our discovery, scan	11	the court reporter a document that's entitled State
12	the discovery in, anything beyond that, any motion	12	of Missouri Public Defender Commission Fiscal Year
13	that's created beyond that the attorney is creating	13	2017 Annual Report. That will be marked as
14	it themselves, filing it themselves, sending letters	14	Plaintiffs' Exhibit Fox 33.
15	to their clients themselves.	15	(WHEREIN, Exhibit 33, State of Missouri
16	So it's not like any of us have a	16	Public Defender Commission Fiscal Year 2017 Annual
17	support staff person who is available to do all of	17	Report, was marked for identification by the Court
18	those tasks. So if I'm sending letters to my	18	Reporter.)
19	clients I'm typing them, I'm creating an envelope,	19	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Please take a look at
20	I'm placing them in the mail. So I think where I'm	20	it.
21	just so used to it I don't even realize that we	21	A. I have seen it before.
22	don't have enough administrative staff.	22	Q. You've seen it before?
23	Q. Is there is it a for the	23	A. Yeah.
	administrators that you do have, is it more of a		
24	autilitistrators that you do have, is it more or a	24	Q. Okay. If you could turn to page 82 of

25 (Pages 97 to 100)

	Page 101		Page 103
1	A. Okay.	1	THE WITNESS: Okay.
2	Q. And I'm looking at the box in the	2	Q. (By Mr. Maune) Have you seen this
3	center where it says St. Louis City cases assigned,	3	document before?
4	and it starts with fiscal year '08 and it goes to	4	A. Not in this form. I saw it when it was
5	fiscal year '17. And it looks like it starts with	5	in the newspaper.
6	over 6,600 cases assigned in the beginning and then	6	Q. Okay. Were you interviewed for this
7	there's a pretty sharp I guess reduction in the	7	article?
8	number of cases starting in '13 continue	8	A. I was.
9	continuing through '14 and '15, and then beginning	9	Q. And are your statements to the reporter
10	to rise again. Do you have an idea why the number	10	accurately captured?
11	of cases sharply went down and then maybe why	11	A. They are. I'm sorry.
12	they're coming up again?	12	Q. As we stand here today I guess a little
13	A. So fiscal year '12 was pre-Waters.	13	over a month almost a month later, do your
14	When Waters came out our circuit had a meeting as	14	opinions remain the same that are portrayed in this
15	Waters directed and the court issued an	15	article?
16	administrative order to assist with caseload relief.	16	A. Yes.
17	So fiscal year '13 reflects that change those	17	Q. All right. Is there anything else that
18	changes in part. Part of fiscal year '13 was	18	you think we should know regarding your office's
19	pre-Waters and part of fiscal year '13 was	19	ability or your attorneys' abilities to provide
20	post-Waters.	20	effective representation?
21	So fiscal year '14 and '15 pretty	21	Nothing that's coming to mind.
22	accurately reflect the reduction in caseload as a	22	MR. MAUNE: Pass the witness.
23	result of the administrative order, and then fiscal	23	EXAMINATION
24	year '16 and '17, it's a combination of we took	24	QUESTIONS BY MR. MOORE:
25	those additional conflict responsibilities and	25	Q. Very good. So my name is Justin Moore.
	<u>'</u>		
	Page 102		Page 104
1	Page 102 probation violations began to increase and more	1	Page 104 And earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's
1 2	· ·	1 2	· ·
	probation violations began to increase and more		And earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's
2	probation violations began to increase and more change in the judges who are handling the	2	And earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly correct. Can you hear
2	probation violations began to increase and more change in the judges who are handling the misdemeanor cases so that more misdemeanor	2 3	And earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly correct. Can you hear me okay?
2 3 4	probation violations began to increase and more change in the judges who are handling the misdemeanor cases so that more misdemeanor defendants were coming up and applying for our	2 3 4	And earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly correct. Can you hear me okay? So earlier I said I was for the
2 3 4 5	probation violations began to increase and more change in the judges who are handling the misdemeanor cases so that more misdemeanor defendants were coming up and applying for our services.	2 3 4 5	And earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly correct. Can you hear me okay? So earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly
2 3 4 5 6	probation violations began to increase and more change in the judges who are handling the misdemeanor cases so that more misdemeanor defendants were coming up and applying for our services. In fiscal year '14 or '15 there was a	2 3 4 5 6	And earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly correct. Can you hear me okay? So earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly correct. I'm from the Attorney General's Office,
2 3 4 5 6 7	probation violations began to increase and more change in the judges who are handling the misdemeanor cases so that more misdemeanor defendants were coming up and applying for our services. In fiscal year '14 or '15 there was a misdemeanor judge who appointed private counsel on	2 3 4 5 6 7	And earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly correct. Can you hear me okay? So earlier I said I was for the Attorney General's Office. That's not exactly correct. I'm from the Attorney General's Office, but I represent the State of Missouri and the
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26 (Pages 101 to 104)

	Page 105		Page 107
1	straight through high school, undergraduate, law	1	private firm, have you worked for any other private
2	school, or did you take some time off in there to	2	firms in the St. Louis area or anywhere else?
3	work?	3	A. No.
4	(Court reporter interruption.)	4	Q. Okay. So during this deposition you
5	Q. (By Mr. Moore) Did you go straight	5	kind of expressed some concerns, I guess, about
6	through education or did you take any time off	6	public defender workload and caseload, right?
7	in-between to work a job or anything of that nature?	7	A. Correct.
8	 A. I worked between college and law 	8	Q. Who all have you spoken to other than
9	school.	9	the people we've already talked about about these
10	Q. And what did you do in-between?	10	concerns?
11	A. Initially I had a job as a writer for a	11	A. Well, I speak to the attorneys in my
12	public relations firm. And then I worked as an	12	office on a pretty regular basis. I've spoken to
13	administrative assistant for LIFE Skills Foundation,	13	Mr. Patrick from the Post-Dispatch. I've spoken to
14	which was a social service agency that served	14	management within the public defender system. And
15	developmentally disabled adults.	15	I've spoken to the judges within the circuit.
16	Q. Okay. And how long did you serve in	16	Q. So question for you is how do you
17	those roles?	17	define a case or a matter in your system?
18	A. So in the public relations firm I	18	When the state initiates a proceeding
19	believe I was only there maybe three or four months.	19	against a person. So if it's if it's one count
20	For LIFE Skills I worked there until I started law	20	with three co-defendants, it would be three cases.
21	school, and then I remained there through my I	21	If it's one defendant with three charges, it would
22	think I think through the second year in law	22	be one case.
23	school, and then I took a legal job for the summer	23	Q. Okay. So it's kind of like by
24	after second year.	24	defendant for each matter?
25	Q. Okay.	25	A. Correct.
	Page 106		Page 108
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	· ·
1 2	Page 106 A. And then stopped third year. Q. And so do you know like what kind of	1 2	Page 108 Q. Okay. Is there a situation where one case could become two different cases?
	A. And then stopped third year.		Q. Okay. Is there a situation where one
2	A. And then stopped third year.Q. And so do you know like what kind of	2	Q. Okay. Is there a situation where one case could become two different cases?
2	A. And then stopped third year. Q. And so do you know like what kind of period of time you took off between undergraduate	2 3	Q. Okay. Is there a situation where one case could become two different cases? A. It does not generally happen that way.
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Page 111 Page 109 1 identification expert this year in several cases, 1 at Lotus, what all is included in there is just the 2 and I don't think we had ever retained an eyewitness 2 case disposition or is there other stuff in Lotus 3 identification expert prior to this time. 3 that you can look at? 4 The number of trials and number of 4 A. In terms of what? 5 5 cases that get resolved by plea have remained Q. So as like a case tracking system, so 6 6 relatively consistent. There have been a larger like a live case you would be able to pull up Lotus 7 7 number of cases that have been sent out to trial in and look at what's going on or is it simply some 8 which the state has dismissed the case this year. 8 kind of mechanism where you can look at statistics 9 Q. Any other trends that you've noticed? 9 on cases that have already been closed? 10 A. Nothing I can think of off the top of 10 A. No. It's a case database, so it would my head. 11 show the case, any pleadings filed in the case that 11 12 were -- where Lotus was used. Letters to the 12 Q. Okay. So tell me about this eyewitness 13 ID expert, any particular reason why this person or 13 client, notes from the attorney. 14 set of persons is being utilized more than in the 14 Q. And you would be able --15 A. Hopefully the discovery would be 15 16 A. Because of the change in the law in 16 scanned into the electronic file. 17 terms of eyewitness identification. Missouri's case 17 Q. Okay. Sorry to interrupt there. law saying eyewitness identification experts are not 18 A. That's all right. 18 19 allowed in was made in 1988, and that law has 19 Q. So you'd be able to pull those 20 changed throughout the states since that time period 20 documents up directly in Lotus if you wanted to, 21 and as a result we are pursuing that issue. right? 21 22 And the Missouri Supreme Court issued 22 A. Correct. 23 Q. Are there any public defenders on call 23 an eyewitness identification instruction which did 24 not previously exist. So the expert testimony is 24 24 hours a day for like emergencies? 25 consistent with the eyewitness identification 25 Page 110 Page 112 1 Q. So we talked about -- a little bit 1 2 Q. Okay. So it has to do with the change 2 about determining indigency for defendants, right? 3 3 that took place in the law, not a change to the A. Correct. defenders' budget or anything of that nature; is 4 4 Q. And is there any mechanism in place to 5 that right? 5 kind of revisit the determination of indigency later 6 A. Correct. 6 on in the case to make sure that, you know, you guys 7 Q. Okay. You talked a little bit about 7 aren't being bamboozled or kind of fooled by how you guys track cases in the public defenders 8 defendants who maybe want to get representation but 8 9 office. Is there any kind of mechanism, any other 9 might not be entitled to it? 10 mechanism we haven't discussed that you guys would 10 A. Yes. use to track your cases or to monitor your cases? 11 Q. And what kind of safeguards are in 11 12 A. So everything is contained in Lotus, 12 place for that? which is our database. From Lotus I sometimes 13 13 A. So there is section 600,086 that allows 14 create other spreadsheets. So I have created a 14 counsel to file a motion in front of the court to 15 travel spreadsheet that shows which cases went to 15 have the defendant determined to be not indigent. 16 trial and what the verdicts were in more detail than 16 So for instance, one time a client canceled an 17 what the Lotus notes show. 17 office appointment because they were going on a 18 So for instance, it may show guilty and 18 cruise, so we filed a motion and asked the court to 19 not guilty in the Lotus database and in our 19 determine that the person was not indigent because 20 spreadsheet it might show not guilty of murder 20 if they could afford a cruise, they could certainly 21 first, guilty of trespassing. So it would 21 afford private counsel. And the court granted the 22 demonstrate that it was not just a half guilty, half 2.2 motion. 23 not guilty, but a very successful half guilty, half 23 Q. Oh, very good. That was a section 24 2.4 not guilty. 600.086? Q. Very good. And so when you're looking 25 25 A. I believe it's 086, yes.

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	Page 113		Page 115
1	· ·	1	but the request to get a deposition on the basis of
1 2	Q. Okay. Now, you've cited one example of such a motion being filed by your office. Do you	1 2	like financial reasons?
3	happen to know like how many of those motions	3	A. No.
	typically get filed in a year?	4	Q. Have you ever heard of that happening
4		5	for any other public defenders having their request
5	A. Very few. Maybe five. And it usually	6	
6	has to do with something much less obvious such as posting a very large bond or hiring a private	7	to take a deposition being denied because of financial reasons?
7 8	counsel in another case.	8	A. I only know it's in my office. I don't
		9	know about the other offices. I haven't heard of
9 10	Q. Okay. So your attorneys just kind of		
10	keep an eye out for things that stick out to them	10 11	that, no.
11	and if they notice it, then that's when they'll consider filing the motion?	12	Q. Okay. Are any of your depositions taken outside of the state of Missouri?
12	_	13	
13	A. They'll come to me and we do all that		A. We have depositions where the witness
14	sort of motions at the indigence docket once a	14 15	may be outside of the state of Missouri, but we do
15	month.		it with the attorney here and the court reporter
16	Q. Okay. Do you know if they perform any	16	where the witness is via video.
17	kind of independent investigation as to the	17	Q. Okay. So that's my next question. So I think
18	indigency determination other than just kind of	18 19	A. And actually, I misspoke. Via phone.
19	things that pop out at them?	20	
20	A. Well, the legal assistant reviews the	21	Q. Via phone?A. Yeah.
21	application. If the person indicates that they own		
22	a house, then she'll go on the assessor's website to	22 23	Q. So I think you stated that those
23	see what the value is of the house. If they		depositions do take place sometimes if the witness
24 25	indicate they own a car, then she'll look for the Blue Book value of their car and take those things	24 25	is out of state, but if it is required it would be done via telephone, right?
25	blue book value of their car and take those things	25	uone via teleprione, rigitt:
	Page 114		Page 116
1	Page 114 into consideration.	1	· ·
1 2	· ·	1 2	Page 116 A. That's how we've done it in the past, yes.
	into consideration.		A. That's how we've done it in the past, yes.
2	into consideration. Q. Okay. And let's say somebody applies	2	A. That's how we've done it in the past,
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29 (Pages 113 to 116)

	Page 117		Page 119
1	certain amount of depositions or investigators be	1	vet the case and discuss it and discuss what value
2	used for certain types of cases?	2	the expert would bring to the case before they would
3	A. No.	3	ever submit any request.
4	Q. Now, we talked just a little bit about	4	Q. Okay.
5	obtaining experts and situations where experts have	5	A. So by the time they submit an E request
6	and have not been approved, right?	6	we've already pretty much decided that that would
7	A. We talked about experts, yes.	7	bring value to the case.
8	Q. Okay. We can start off there. That's	8	Q. Okay. So yeah, I guess what is the
9	fine.	9	procedure for requesting an expert, you mentioned an
10	A. Okay.	10	E request?
11	Q. I think you said earlier that there	11	A. Yes.
12	have been a couple times where there's like a higher	12	Q. So what how does that process work
13	level of review that comes after your approval of	13	from start to finish, I guess?
14	using an expert, right?	14	A. Within the case in Lotus the attorney
15	A. Yes.	15	submits a request stating what who they are
16	Q. And sometimes at that level there has	16	asking to retain, what the anticipated cost is, and
17	been kind of a second look at which experts are	17	what the reason is that they're asking for the to
18	being used because of financial reasons, right?	18	retain the expert.
19	A. Correct.	19	That's submitted through the database
20	Q. Has there ever been a situation where	20	system. I either approve or disapprove, and if I
21	you said we need to have an expert for this case and	21	approve and it's over \$500, which most experts would
22	the people above you said you can't have an expert	22	be, it then requires division director approval.
23	of any kind for that case?	23	Q. And you also mentioned that some kind
24	A. No.	24	of conversation would happen before this request
25	Q. Okay. Because it seems like they have	25	goes through, right?
	Page 118		Page 120
		1	1 age 120
1	tried to just find more fiscally conservative	1	A. Generally, yes.
1 2	tried to just find more fiscally conservative methods or fiscally conservative experts, I guess,	1 2	A. Generally, yes.
	•		
2	methods or fiscally conservative experts, I guess,	2	A. Generally, yes.Q. Okay. And that would just kind of be
2	methods or fiscally conservative experts, I guess, but they've never denied you using experts; is that	2 3	A. Generally, yes. Q. Okay. And that would just kind of be like a sit-down meeting with your associates to
2 3 4	methods or fiscally conservative experts, I guess, but they've never denied you using experts; is that right?	2 3 4	A. Generally, yes. Q. Okay. And that would just kind of be like a sit-down meeting with your associates to discuss the case and why it needed an expert?
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	Page 121		Page 123
1	stuck on experts. A second chair for your first	1	A. No.
2	homicide case.	2	Q. No. Does anybody in your office track
3	Q. Okay.	3	their time?
4	A. And also a second chair for your first	4	A. No. We track it through time sheets.
5	juvenile court certification hearing or transfer	5	We don't track it per case.
6	hearing.	6	Q. So tell me specifically what you mean
7	Q. Okay. And that's like an internal	7	by that.
8	policy of the MSPD; is that right?	8	A. So each employee is to record daily how
9	A. That's a local area 22 policy.	9	much time they spent working.
10	Q. Okay. But that's not based on any like	10	Q. So they just kind of put in a chunk of
11	statute or case law or anything of that nature; is	11	time like eight hours or something like that, right?
12	that right?	12	A. Or whatever amount of time they spent
13	A. It's based upon the the public	13	working.
14	defender requirements of how to run a public	14	Q. Okay. Has there ever been a time when
15	defender office and on the ethical obligations to,	15	you guys have tracked your time in smaller
16	you know, provide sufficient supervision.	16	increments like five minutes or by tenths of an hour
17	Q. Okay. And so so are you saying	17	or anything like that?
18	there's particular ethical rule that discusses like	18	A. Yes.
19	the second chair assignments?	19	Q. And when was that?
20	A. No, no, no.	20	A. I don't remember when it began. It
21	Q. Okay.	21	ended October 1st, 2016.
22	A. No.	22	 Q. And there's much celebration I'm sure,
23	Q. There's just there's a general	23	right?
24	ethical rule about adequate supervision, and so the	24	A. I actually enjoyed it. It made you
25	public defenders office in attempting to comply with	25	feel you had you had been productive during the
	Page 122		Page 124
1	that has made their own rule regarding second	1	day when you could look back and see exactly what
2	chairing trials, right?	2	you had done.
3	A. So again, this is my personal office	3	Q. I've never heard an attorney say that
4	policy. It's not an MSPD policy.	4	they enjoyed billing by tenths of an hour ever.
5	Q. Okay.	5	A. I wasn't billing. I was only tracking.
6	A. And it's because we try a large number	6	Q. Oh, that's the difference I guess then.
7	of cases, and sometimes people would try a lot of	7	Okay. Fair enough. So it ended October 2016.
8	drug cases and then suddenly have a homicide case	8	Can't really recall when it started, right?
9	and they would not have a second chair, and there's	9	A. Correct.
10	a significant difference between defending a	10	Q. And I'm guessing that was in connection
11	homicide case and defending a drug case.	11	with some particular like a study that was going on;
12	Q. Okay. So yeah, this is my	12	is that right?
13	misunderstanding of the rule. So this is a rule	13	A. Correct.
14	that you put into place for your district, right?	14	Q. And which study was that?
15	A. Correct.	15	A. I couldn't tell you which one it was.
16	Q. It's not a rule that the whole public	16	Q. Okay. But in any event, you're not
17	defender system has in place, right?	17	A. It was connected to the RubinBrown
18	A. No.	18	study.
19	Q. And as far as you know, that's not a	19	Q. Okay. Good. But you guys aren't
	rule that is embodied in any like statute or like	20	currently tracking your time in those increments
20	specific ethical rule anywhere that you have to	21	anymore, right?
20 21		1	A. No, we are not.
	second chair these types of cases or anything,	22	A. No, we are not.
21		22	Q. Do you recall like what kind of period
21 22	second chair these types of cases or anything,		

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	Page 125		Page 127
1	was 2014 to 2016.	1	Q. Right. And so my question is basically
2	Q. Like a couple years?	2	just like who put on the training for how to bill
3	A. Yes. And then there was an earlier	3	your time, was that a public defender or did some
4	period of time tracking, but it was before I was	4	third party put the training on?
5	with the system.	5	A. So the public defender put on the
6	Q. Okay. Now, prior to that had you had	6	training on how to track your time. We never
7	any experience, you know, billing your time in that	7	billed.
8	manner?	8	Q. Okay. Right. But the public defender
9	A. Back when I was with Kanefield & Mohme.	9	had not really tracked their time previously; is
10	Q. Back in the day?	10	that right?
11	A. Yes.	11	A. No. I think the training was on here
12	Q. Okay.	12	are the categories, here's where you click. This is
13	A. 1980.	13	how it will show up in the database. Here's how you
14	Q. Okay. And so other than those two	14	can read it if you want to know.
15	instances, I guess three, you mentioned another one,	15	Q. Okay. And if you can recall back to
16	any other times when you had to bill your time in	16	that training, I mean, did they tell you, you know,
17	that manner?	17	there's your task that you can't bill for or was it
18	A. Actually I did when I did termination	18	all pretty much just track whatever you're doing and
19	of parental rights cases in juvenile court. The	19	put the time in?
20	court would pay per statute by hour. So I did have	20	A. It was learn the categories and see if
21	to track my time in those cases	21	your work that you were doing fits into one of those
22	Q. Okay.	22	categories and track it as the category. If it's
23	A in both the trials and appeals.	23	not in those categories, then it's probably not work
24	Q. So I guess tell me a little bit about	24	because the categories covered everything.
25	when you were keeping your time in those increments.	25	Q. Okay. So have you done anything as a
	Page 126		Page 128
	Page 126		Page 128
1	Whenever you started doing that for the public	1	district defender to kind of prepare your offices
2	Whenever you started doing that for the public defender, was there any kind of a training about how	2	district defender to kind of prepare your offices for what I think you testified earlier was kind of a
2	Whenever you started doing that for the public defender, was there any kind of a training about how you should bill your time. For example, like the	2 3	district defender to kind of prepare your offices for what I think you testified earlier was kind of a higher caseload?
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32 (Pages 125 to 128)

	Page 129		Page 131
1	Q. (By Mr. Moore) Do you have any	1	see if I felt like somebody was slipping behind too
2	training sessions on for your attorneys on how to	2	far and my taking the initial action and now I think
3	manage their caseloads?	3	the attorneys are comfortable that they can take
4	A. So I mean, most of the training is on	4	that initial step and come and ask for assistance.
5	how to represent your client and what the law is, so	5	Q. Okay. Are you aware of section
6	by learning those things you learn how to manage	6	600.063?
7	your caseload. I'm just confused. I'm not sure	7	A. Sure.
8	exactly what you're asking me.	8	Q. And what is that?
9	Q. So I imagine there are trainings on	9	A. It's a statute about asking for meeting
10	like the substance of law and sort of pleadings and	10	with the presiding judge concerning caseload.
11	things that they'll be filing as they represent	11	Q. Okay. Have you ever utilized that
12	these defendants, right?	12	particular statute?
13	A. Correct.	13	A. So I have spoken to the presiding judge
14	Q. Is there any training more on the	14	about that statute and the way the statute is
15	administrative side where you say you're going to	15	written, and I don't have it in front of me, but is
16	have a lot of cases so here's the way that you	16	that the one that talks about an individual
17	manage them all? You do this task and this task or	17	attorney?
18	you don't do this or that, stuff like that.	18	Q. I believe so, but I I think you have
19	A. Okay. I understand now. Thank you. I	19	the right statute.
20	think it's more informal. We sit down with	20	A. Okay. So I have told the court that
21	attorneys when they begin and talk to them about	21	there are times when I have stopped assigning cases
22	calendaring so that they make certain that they make	22	to an individual attorney and I have asked the court
23	all their court dates and how to keep track of them.	23	do they want me to bring that to their attention
24	We explain the trial docket that	24	under 063 or not bring it to their attention unless
25	happens in the city of St. Louis so that they can	25	it becomes an issue that we cannot take any more
	Page 130		Page 132
1	learn when their cases will be right for trial and	1	cases in the entire office?
			dases in the entire entire.
2	when they'll be probably able to obtain	2	Q. Okay. And so I guess you've never
2	when they'll be probably able to obtain continuances. And then we work with those who	2 3	
	3 . 3		Q. Okay. And so I guess you've never
3	continuances. And then we work with those who	3	Q. Okay. And so I guess you've never reached that point where the entire office cannot
3 4	continuances. And then we work with those who who need it on just being more organized.	3 4	Q. Okay. And so I guess you've never reached that point where the entire office cannot accept more cases; is that right?
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33 (Pages 129 to 132)

Page 135 Page 133 1 Q. One time was for lack of investigation found to have rendered ineffective assistance of 1 2 and one was for conveying incorrect information? 2 counsel, is there -- was there a reason given why 3 3 these tapes were not obtained, if you can recall? 4 Q. So without going into too many details 4 A. I did not attend the post-conviction 5 I guess for the lack of investigation case do you 5 hearing, so I can't tell you what he testified to, recall generally what the -- what kind of 6 6 but I think my recollection is that he just -- it 7 7 wasn't something that he did in his cases in terms investigation was omitted? 8 A. The attorney did not obtain the 8 of pretrial investigation. 9 dispatch tapes from the police vehicle and the 9 Q. Just as a matter of course, it wasn't a 10 10 dispatch tapes showed that the police officer's step that he took for his cases --11 testimony was not credible. 11 A. Correct. 12 That case had a co-defendant and Q. Didn't have anything to do with like a 12 13 co-defendant's counsel did obtain those dispatch 13 lack of resources or anything for why he didn't tapes and the case was I think -- I believe he went 14 14 obtain those tapes; is that right? 15 to trial and was found not guilty. So at that point 15 A. I think it was because he had so many 16 the post-conviction attorney filed a post-conviction 16 cases that it wasn't a step that he took on a 17 action raising that point. 17 regular basis. At that point he would've had a 18 Q. And do you recall if the co-defendant 18 caseload of probably over a hundred cases, most of 19 was represented by the public defender? 19 which would have been felonies. 20 A. Co-defendant was represented by a 20 Q. So is that speculation or do you know volunteer attorney who was an associate at Thompson 21 for certain that's why he didn't get the -- didn't 21 22 Coburn who was placed in our office for one year. 22 get the tapes in that case? 23 Q. Placed in your office for a year. What 23 A. I don't -- I don't know that it's -- I 24 do you mean by that exactly? 24 don't know that it's for certain, but I don't think A. During the recession, 2008, 2009 when 2.5 2.5 it's speculation. It's based upon conversations Page 134 Page 136 the private firms could not afford to bring their 1 1 with him about the case. 2 associates on --2 Q. Okay. And how about the other 3 3 ineffective assistance case involving conveying Q. Ah. incorrect information? 4 A. -- they placed some of their associates 4 A. Correct. 5 at a lower salary in either judicial positions as 5 6 clerks or in not-for-profits, and we benefited from 6 Q. Do you know in a general sense what 7 having one of those attorneys in our office. 7 that had to do with? 8 Q. Okay. So this was an attorney who was 8 MS. SHIPMA: I'm going to object to any actually working in your office just like any of 9 9 kind of recitation of communication between the 10 your other defenders would have been working in your 10 attorney and the client. Q. (By Mr. Moore) That's fair enough. 11 office with the same resources and access to staff 11 12 and everything as the other defenders, right? 12 I'll just ask, did it have to do with like incorrect 13 A. Except that he had a significantly 13 legal analysis? A. Yes. 14 smaller caseload and only handled misdemeanors. 14 Q. Okay. And do you know if that had to 15 Q. Okay. 15 do with any claimed lack of resources or anything or A. Because he was only going to be there 16 16 17 for one year. 17 was it simply just an incorrect legal analysis on an 18 Q. Okay. But it sounded like he was --18 you said it was Thompson Coburn, I think? 19 19 A. Well, again, that was an attorney who 20 20 at that time had over a hundred cases, so I don't 21 Q. He wasn't like at Thompson Coburn's 21 know exactly why he provided that information. 2.2 offices working with their staff and their resources 22 Q. So you don't know for sure, but nobody 23 on these cases, right? 23 has told you that it was because of like a lack of 24 resources or anything, right? 2.4 25 25 Q. And as far as the attorney who was A. Correct.

34 (Pages 133 to 136)

	Page 137		Page 139
1	Q. So I believe there's a statutory	1	Q. Okay. Now, you stated earlier I think
2	section 600.090.2 that authorizes public defender to	2	that you have about 30 attorneys or so in your
3	file a lien with the court in order to recover	3	office?
4	payment for their services. Does that sound	4	A. Correct.
5	familiar?	5	Q. And are all their caseloads pretty
6	A. Yeah.	6	comparable or is there kind of discrepancy or
7	MS. SHIPMA: I'm going to object. Do	7	difference between some attorney's caseloads versus
8	you have a copy of that that you can show her if	8	other attorney's caseloads?
9	you're going to ask her to testify about the	9	A. There's a big discrepancy right now
10	contents of the statute?	10	because two of the attorneys just started within the
11	MR. MOORE: No, I don't, but I just	11	last two weeks, three weeks. And four of the
12	asked her if she was familiar with it. I think you	12	attorneys started like maybe a month or so before
13	said yes, right?	13	that.
14	A. I know we can file a lien. Is it in	14	So their caseloads are building up.
15	is it in 090? That doesn't sound like a statute	15	And then there are attorneys who have been there
16	that I read on a regular basis, and I read a lot of	16	longer whose caseloads are larger, and then there's
17	600 on a regular basis.	17	attorneys who have very serious cases. So their
18	Q. (By Mr. Moore) We can forget the	18	case numbers may be lower, but the case severity is
19	specific section by the way.	19	higher.
20	A. Okay.	20	Q. And for the attorneys who work in the
21	Q. The bigger question is whether you're	21	more serious cases, what kind of discrepancy would
22	familiar that there is a statute out there	22	you be looking at as far as caseloads are concerned?
23	(Court reporter interruption.)	23	A. Maybe five to ten fewer cases.
24	Q. (By Mr. Moore) Are you aware that	24	Q. Okay. Do you guys ever do limited
25	there is a statute out there that authorizes the	25	entries of appearance for defendants in order to
	Page 138		Page 140
1	Page 138 public defender to file a lien with a court in order	1	Page 140 represent them at bond hearings?
1 2	Ç	1 2	· ·
	public defender to file a lien with a court in order		represent them at bond hearings?
2	public defender to file a lien with a court in order to recover payment for their services?	2	represent them at bond hearings? A. No.
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35 (Pages 137 to 140)

	Page 141		Page 143
1	bring them back to the office until they physically	1	Q. Okay. Anything else since then?
2	get back to the office.	2	A. We've asked them to stop issuing cases
3	Q. And how long could it be before they	3	that they can't win.
4	show back up to the office to close the file out?	4	Q. Very good. And anything else other
5	A. Like a week or so.	5	than that?
6	Q. Okay. Do defenders ever attend trials	6	A. Nothing I can think of.
7	not as a second chair, but just to kind of spectate,	7	Q. Okay. So earlier we talked a little
8	kind of watch the trials?	8	bit about how some of your attorneys are kind of
9	A. No. They may stop in for a closing	9	inexperienced, I guess; is that right?
10	argument or we may send a new attorney to observe a	10	A. Are kind of inexperienced?
11	voir dire, but they don't just sit around and watch	11	Q. Inexperienced.
12	trials, no.	12	A. Yes.
13	Q. So are there circumstances where a	13	Q. Right? And as a result of that
14	closed case could be reopened?	14	inexperience they sometimes don't like recognize
15	A. Yes.	15	when to use experts; is that right?
16	Q. What kind of situations would that be?	16	A. Correct.
17	A. Where it was closed because a private	17	Q. So it's not that they're being denied
18	attorney entered and then the private attorney is	18	experts because of financial reasons, it's simply
19	allowed to withdraw and the court makes a	19	that they are unable to recognize when they need
20	determination that the person is indigent and we	20	them, right?
21	accept the case back.	21	A. Correct.
22	Q. Okay. And so when the case is reopened	22	Q. And so is there any kind of training
23	does it count as a new case or is it just the same	23	whenever they start out to help them identify when
24	case?	24	they would need to consider getting an expert?
25	A. No, it's the same case.	25	A. Yes. So generally the expert that a
	Page 142		Page 144
1	Q. Okay. As far as like the statistics or	1	new attorney would see the need for on their cases
	whatever, would it still be counted as a new case		
2		1 2	would be a mental health expert. So there is
2		2 3	would be a mental health expert. So there is training to help them identify the signs of a person
	that gets opened? A. No.		training to help them identify the signs of a person
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3 4	that gets opened? A. No.	3 4	training to help them identify the signs of a person not being competent to proceed to trial.
3 4 5	that gets opened? A. No. Q. So I think earlier we talked about a	3 4 5	training to help them identify the signs of a person not being competent to proceed to trial. Q. And so all the new attorneys receive
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	Page 145		Page 147
1	of new attorney packet whenever they each answer	1	other private practice's attorney asking for a
2	them and they kind of leaf through and apprise	2	continuance, right?
3	themselves of the way the cases are kind of run?	3	A. So if you look at the docket in the
4	A. I don't think a brochure is going to	4	city of St. Louis what you'll find is that towards
5	educate an attorney. An attorney just has to gain	5	the top of the docket the old cases are the public
6	the experience to be able to evaluate the case and	6	defender cases that are heading to trial that they
7	know when it's good.	7	have not yet had time to prepare for trial.
8	Q. Okay. And these new attorneys, they	8	Q. Are you saying
9	could they could always come and ask you, you	9	A. So we're still asking for continuances.
10	know, if they you know, they think an expert	10	Q. Sorry to interrupt.
11	would be required, right?	11	A. That's okay.
12	A. Yes, and they often do.	12	Q. Are you saying the public defender asks
13	Q. And they could go ask some of the more	13	for more continuances than private attorneys or are
14	senior attorneys whether they thought such an expert	14	you just saying that
15	would be needed as well, right?	15	A. I can only speak to the city
16	A. Right. The issue isn't their ability	16	(Court reporter interruption.)
17	to go ask. The issue is their ability to recognize	17	Q. (By Mr. Moore) That's okay. You can
18	that they need to go ask.	18	go ahead.
19	Q. Right. And we talked a little bit	19	A. I can only speak to the continuance
20	earlier about continuances in the criminal cases.	20	request that I see in the city of St. Louis, and the
21	Do you recall that conversation?	21	private attorney generally asks for a continuance
22	A. Yes.	22	until they are paid and then they resolve the case
23	Q. I think you said that they are often	23	with a plea of guilty.
24	requested and they're regularly granted, right?	24	Q. Okay.
25	A. Correct.	25	A. So the continuance request reasons are
	Page 146		Page 148
1	Q. Now, getting continuances in a case is	1	different.
2	pretty typical of the legal process, right?	2	Q. Uh-huh. But the fact of just getting a
3	A. Yes.	3	continuance, you wouldn't say that's atypical of
4	Q. And do you have any kind of awareness	4	how, you know, cases it's not atypical in
5	of how private criminal defense attorneys operate?	5	criminal cases, right?
6	A. In terms of getting continuances?	6	A. To get a continuance?
7	Q. Yeah, we'll get to that too, but just	7	Q. Right.
8	generally speaking do you have a general knowledge	8	A. No.
9	of how private criminal defense attorneys operate?	9	Q. And I don't do criminal work, but does
10	A. Generally.	10	the city utilize a rolling docket for the criminal
11	Q. And they ask for continuances too,	11	stuff as well?
10	right?	12	A. Yes.
12	A. Sure.	13	Q. Okay. So that's the docket they'll
13		1	just keep putting up for trial every 30 days and
	Q. And so it's just kind of part of the	14	
13		14 15	then you'll kind of move your way up the docket,
13 14 15	Q. And so it's just kind of part of the		then you'll kind of move your way up the docket, correct?
13 14 15 16	Q. And so it's just kind of part of the legal process, not really anything specific to like	15	
13 14 15 16 17	Q. And so it's just kind of part of the legal process, not really anything specific to like the public defender, right?	15 16	correct?
13 14	Q. And so it's just kind of part of the legal process, not really anything specific to like the public defender, right? A. Well, except that a large number of our	15 16 17	correct? A. It's a little bit different than the civil civil docket.
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13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q. And so it's just kind of part of the legal process, not really anything specific to like the public defender, right? A. Well, except that a large number of our continuances are because we are not yet prepared. We either haven't reviewed the discovery provided to	15 16 17 18 19 20	correct? A. It's a little bit different than the civil civil docket. Q. Okay.
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13 14 15 16 17	Q. And so it's just kind of part of the legal process, not really anything specific to like the public defender, right? A. Well, except that a large number of our continuances are because we are not yet prepared. We either haven't reviewed the discovery provided to us by the state or haven't had an opportunity to do independent investigation. So those continuance requests generally are related to the fact that the	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. It's a little bit different than the civil civil docket. Q. Okay. A. So in the criminal docket there's one criminal assignment division. The cases are on a six-week rotation and the motions are heard in the

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	Page 149		Page 151
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1	will hear the motions as it administers the docket?	1	Q. That may be true. My question was more
2	A. Correct.	2	just about you said that the reason these motions
3	Q. Okay. So I think civil they split that	3	wouldn't get filed is because they didn't recognize
4	up?	4	sometimes that they should be filed, right?
5	A. Correct.	5	A. Correct.
6	Q. Which I never mind. Okay. But is	6	Q. And that would be based on like the
7	the rolling docket every you said 60 days?	7	experience of the attorney and how some of them are
8	A. Every six weeks.	8	inexperienced and new to the job, right?
9	Q. Six weeks, okay.	9	A. Correct.
10	A. Every six weeks minus any nonjury	10	Q. Do you have any awareness of like what
11	weeks.	11	turnover is like in private firms or other
12	Q. Okay. Now, we discussed earlier, you	12	governmental agencies that employ attorneys?
13	know, particular motions. And I think there was	13	A. I have no idea.
14	some speculation about when time or experience would	14	Q. Do you know whether the amount of
15	have kept defenders from filing motions. Do you	15	turnover in the public defender system is any
16	recall that?	16	different than those private firms?
17	A. Yes.	17	A. I don't know.
18	Q. Are you aware of any specific instance	18	Q. So it could be just the same as any
19	where a defender said to you I was unable to file	19	other firm, you just don't know for sure; is that
20	this motion because I didn't have the time or	20	right?
21	experience to do it?	21	A. So most of the criminal defense firms
22	A. No.	22	in the city of St. Louis are one-person firms.
23	Q. It's just kind of guess guessing	23	Q. Uh-huh. Like
24	based on your knowledge of what you believe to be	24	So they don't have turnover amongst
25	the caseloads and things of that nature, right?	25	themselves.
	Page 150		Page 152
	· ·		
1	A No I mean I've had specific	1	O Wall and like just private firms
1	A. No. I mean, I've had specific instances where I've talked to an attorney about a	1	Q. Well, and like just private firms,
2	instances where I've talked to an attorney about a	2	so civil included in that, right? Do you have
2	instances where I've talked to an attorney about a case after it's resolved and discover there may have	2 3	so civil included in that, right? Do you have any
2 3 4	instances where I've talked to an attorney about a case after it's resolved and discover there may have been a suppression issue that they didn't litigate.	2 3 4	so civil included in that, right? Do you have any A. So I have no idea what their turnover
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	instances where I've talked to an attorney about a case after it's resolved and discover there may have been a suppression issue that they didn't litigate. There may have been a speedy trial issue that they didn't litigate or a docket issue that they didn't litigate. So it's generally because they didn't recognize it as an issue. Or it's because the defendant wanted to just resolve the case with a plea of guilty because they couldn't make bond. Q. Okay. Not necessarily because they didn't have time or the financial support to file those motions, right? A. I don't know if time would be the reason. Financial would not be the reason, but it's it's more the experience issue. Q. Okay. And the experience issue has to do with the amount of turnover in the office, I guess; is that right? A. But the turnover has to do with the caseload. So because people have so many cases and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	so civil included in that, right? Do you have any A. So I have no idea what their turnover is. Q. Okay. I think you were talking earlier about like the amount of juvenile cases that are coming through in the last couple years, right? A. Yes. Q. I think you said something like there are less juvenile cases getting filed because public defender was successful in 2017 in winning those cases, right? A. I think fiscal year 2017 is what I referred to. Q. Okay. But that's that's correct, right? A. I think that was one of the factors that played into the lack of issuance of cases. Q. Okay. A. During that time was the first time we had a juvenile specialist in juvenile court.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	instances where I've talked to an attorney about a case after it's resolved and discover there may have been a suppression issue that they didn't litigate. There may have been a speedy trial issue that they didn't litigate or a docket issue that they didn't litigate. So it's generally because they didn't recognize it as an issue. Or it's because the defendant wanted to just resolve the case with a plea of guilty because they couldn't make bond. Q. Okay. Not necessarily because they didn't have time or the financial support to file those motions, right? A. I don't know if time would be the reason. Financial would not be the reason, but it's it's more the experience issue. Q. Okay. And the experience issue has to do with the amount of turnover in the office, I guess; is that right? A. But the turnover has to do with the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	so civil included in that, right? Do you have any A. So I have no idea what their turnover is. Q. Okay. I think you were talking earlier about like the amount of juvenile cases that are coming through in the last couple years, right? A. Yes. Q. I think you said something like there are less juvenile cases getting filed because public defender was successful in 2017 in winning those cases, right? A. I think fiscal year 2017 is what I referred to. Q. Okay. But that's that's correct, right? A. I think that was one of the factors that played into the lack of issuance of cases. Q. Okay. A. During that time was the first time we

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Page 153

Q. Heard a little bit about that. Again, I don't do criminal practice. My understanding is that, correct me if I'm wrong, but you just kind of show up at court and your clients are agreeing to plea guilty, right, but there's not really any plea deal on the table, right? Maybe it's wrong. Just tell me how it works.

A. No, I'm just laughing because you don't just show up in court. I mean, we don't get to the point of where you're in front of a judge for a plea of guilty until you've had communication and counsel with your client and your client has determined that it's in the decision they've made is to enter a plea of guilty to the charge.

So it's more than just showing up.
You're not the first person who has used that
phrase, and having done them I can assure you it's a
lot more than just showing up.

Q. Fair enough. Fair enough. Just tell me how this blind plea stuff works exactly, I guess.

A. So in court -- let's just talk about the in-court procedure.

Q. Okay.

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A. You would have notified the court that you want the case assigned to a judge for a plea of

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- Q. Okay. But the issues with the open pleas and all that sort of thing, that's not as a result of any like lack of funding to the public defender or time of resources. The issues inherent in that process appear to be as a result of this policy by the circuit attorney; is that right?
- A. But the result, which is more important in my mind, is that it adds an additional burden to the attorney. So whereas in a different jurisdiction you may be able to say to your client the state is recommending this sentence if you choose to enter a plea of guilty --

Q. Uh-huh.

A. -- would you like it or would you not like it, case resolved, you go to court.

Q. Okay.

A. That what could be 30 to one hour conference now could become two to three or four meetings with a client to get to the point where the client trusts you that you know what you're talking about and to get the case in a position where you can get it in front of a judge and get a reasonable outcome.

Q. Okay. But you said it was a burden, an initial burden, right?

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guilty. The court would assign it to a judge. You would schedule it within a week's time period because they're assigned by weeks.

And then you would appear before the court, and each judge does it differently. Some will meet with you ahead of time and the prosecutor and want to hear the facts of the case and what both sides are asking for. Some will take the bench and start the on-the-record proceedings.

So as the attorney in those cases, you need to be able to navigate what judge the case is going to be in front of and you need to be able to advise your client what the possible outcomes are and what the probable outcome is, and that's the really hard part is advising somebody what the probable outcome is because you can't read a judge's mind. And you may think you know what's going to happen, but you don't always know.

Q. And that -- the whole open plea thing is as a result of a policy by the St. Louis City prosecutor's office; is that correct?

A. It is a result of the recommendations that the circuit attorney's office makes on their cases and their refusal to provide timely recommendations or any recommendations on cases.

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A. Correct.

Q. And that would be a burden that was imposed as a result of this circuit attorney policy, right?

A. Yes.

Q. And I think you said also that they're maybe going to change that policy with a new circuit attorney that had come in; is that right?

A. That was part of her campaign promise, but it's not yet been fulfilled.

Q. Okay. It's coming down the pipeline probably?

A. We're a year in already.

Q. Okay. And so as far as the resources your attorneys have in the office to work their cases up, I understand that they have access to Westlaw?

A. Correct.

Q. And are there any limitations on Westlaw that are really cumbersome or onerous that you're aware of?

A. There's a couple things. You know, whenever you want to click on a -- a larger article, you can't get it. It's always not in our subscription. I don't think -- is Missouri practice

39 (Pages 153 to 156)

	Page 157		Page 159
1	I don't think is in our subscription. All the stuff	1	preparing a case in front of judge A and I know
2	over on the right is not in our subscription.	2	judge A will rule a certain way on things and judge
3	Q. Okay. The stuff on the right. So	3	B won't, I don't know who the judge is until I get
4	other than in those limitations, I mean, are you	4	there. So it affects that can affect your
5	aware of anything else that's really, you know,	5	preparation. And because we have been successful
6	onerous about your access to legal resources, legal	6	more cases go to trial.
7	research resources?	7	Q. So the rolling docket strike that.
8	A. Westlaw no Westlaw is easily	8	Is there like an informal time for
9	accessible.	9	criminal cases, where you can go in for informals?
10	Q. Okay. And do you have any kind of	10	A. You can always show up in Division 16
11	internal servers or anything where prior pleadings	11	if there's a judge there. You can do an informal.
12	or examples would be stored?	12	Q. Okay.
13	A. Yes.	13	A. It's not it's not like the civil
14	Q. And all your attorneys have access to	14	docket.
15	those prior pleadings and examples?	15	Q. Okay. Would there be anything
16	A. They do.	16	preventing the public defender from just en masse
17	Q. Any other resources that your attorneys	17	filing a motion to continue all at one time at some
18	can utilize whenever they're working these cases up	18	informal docket if they know like a certain batch of
19	other than of course, you know, investigators and	19	cases isn't going to go to trial the next docket?
20	experts and things we've already discussed?	20	A. So the the docket call for the
21	A. I would say those are the main ones.	21	criminal trial docket happens every Wednesday
22	We also have what we call an area 22 database where	22	morning, and so any continuance request is made at
23	somebody does something that we think will need to	23	that docket.
24	be used again, we try to preserve it in there.	24	Q. I'm saying could you just, you know,
25	Q. And so that's like another database	25	show up with a bunch of requests to continue for a
	Daga 150	-	
	Page 158		Page 160
1	with like pleadings and examples of things that	1	Page 160 period of, you know, 90 days or something instead of
1 2	with like pleadings and examples of things that	1 2	period of, you know, 90 days or something instead of
	_		period of, you know, 90 days or something instead of
2	with like pleadings and examples of things that A. Not pleadings, but you know, if there's	2	period of, you know, 90 days or something instead of showing up at the docket every six weeks or whatever
2	with like pleadings and examples of things that A. Not pleadings, but you know, if there's somebody has attended a training and there's	2 3	period of, you know, 90 days or something instead of showing up at the docket every six weeks or whatever the or every Wednesday you said?
2 3 4	with like pleadings and examples of things that A. Not pleadings, but you know, if there's somebody has attended a training and there's information they think would be helpful to others in	2 3 4	period of, you know, 90 days or something instead of showing up at the docket every six weeks or whatever the or every Wednesday you said? A. No, because you don't know which case
2 3 4 5	with like pleadings and examples of things that A. Not pleadings, but you know, if there's somebody has attended a training and there's information they think would be helpful to others in the office, we keep it in there.	2 3 4 5	period of, you know, 90 days or something instead of showing up at the docket every six weeks or whatever the or every Wednesday you said? A. No, because you don't know which case is going to be ready until you show up at that
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8	with like pleadings and examples of things that A. Not pleadings, but you know, if there's somebody has attended a training and there's information they think would be helpful to others in the office, we keep it in there. Q. Okay. And this is something that all the public defenders in your district would have access to no problem, right? A. Yes. Q. Tell me again why the you said the St. Louis City trial docket is different than other divisions, right? A. Correct. Q. So why is it so much higher than other divisions? (Court reporter interruption.) Q. (By Mr. Moore) Why is it so much different than other divisions in your opinion? A. Well, it's a combination of things. One, it's a rolling docket as you described. So you're every six weeks you're required to appear	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	period of, you know, 90 days or something instead of showing up at the docket every six weeks or whatever the or every Wednesday you said? A. No, because you don't know which case is going to be ready until you show up at that Wednesday docket. So the first question is is the state ready? Or is the state asking for a continuance. Q. Uh-huh. A. So you need to be there with the state. You can't ex parte the judge for a continuance request. You have to have the other side there. And then the court wants to hear the reasons and the court makes the determination as to whether or not to grant it. So there's also continuances that are denied. Q. Right. Could you coordinate with the prosecutors' office to get a joint continuance in advance of that Wednesday hearing for a period of time that was greater than like the week, the rolling docket?

40 (Pages 157 to 160)

Page 163 Page 161 1 and I handle the continuances for our office. So could also probably assist in preparing, you know, 1 2 every attorney from the office isn't there. I'm 2 files for trial. So when the attorney general goes 3 3 to trial you would have well-prepared binders and 4 Q. Okay. So it sounds like it would be 4 you have a paralegal who is there with you and has 5 5 possible to kind of -- kind of like a joint your exhibits organized and available to produce on 6 6 continuance on file instead of showing up at the screen. When the public defender goes to trial they 7 7 show up with cardboard box and a lot of paper. dockets, but it's just not something that you feel 8 is really feasible? 8 Q. So that goes for like preparing the --9 A. No, it's not possible. Maybe I'm not 9 the, you know, materials and organizing the 10 10 explaining clearly, but if you want a continuance on materials that are going to be taken into trial. 11 your case, you need to be at the Wednesday docket. 11 But it sounds like the administrative staff that you Q. You actually have to appear? 12 have could probably do the same thing, right? 12 13 A. Someone on your behalf. So as I said, 13 A. I don't think they have the legal knowledge to do it. Most of our administrative 14 I appear on behalf of our attorneys. 14 15 Q. Okay. So --15 staff does not -- do not have any advanced degrees. 16 A. Could be like the Monday morning civil 16 Q. So they couldn't like just print the 17 docket in Division 1. You need to appear. 17 exhibits out and like organize the exhibits and put Q. We talked earlier about how your office 18 18 them in the binder you don't think? 19 doesn't have any paralegals, right? 19 A. Not unless you marked them all and told A. Correct. 20 20 them what they were. I mean, they -- they haven't 21 Q. But we also talked about how you do 21 worked the case up with you. 22 have sufficient administrative staff, right? 22 Q. Okay. Are there any other tasks that A. We have good amount of administrative 23 you feel a paralegal would be able to do that the 23 24 staff, but I'm not sure it's sufficient. It's 24 current administrative staff cannot do? 25 sufficiently -- we're operating the office based on 25 A. Nothing that's coming to mind. Page 162 Page 164 Q. Let me see. Let me talk to you quickly 1 what we have, but the attorneys are doing 1 2 administrative work. 2 about a couple of exhibits that were cited earlier. Q. Okay. I just think earlier you -- I 3 3 Exhibit 32, this is the order concerning probation think you used the word sufficient administrative 4 4 revocation hearing. It is 32, right? 5 staff. I guess my question is what would a 5 MR. MAUNE: Yep, Fox 32. 6 paralegal do that the administrative staff doesn't 6 Q. (By Mr. Moore) So you're taking a look 7 do? Like what would a paralegal add to the office? 7 at the exhibit and you're familiar with the exhibit 8 8 that we'd like to discuss? A. I would think they could do legal A. I am. 9 research. So we often utilize interns for legal 9 10 research. So if we had a paralegal that would add 10 Q. So tell me a little bit more about your some consistency to legal research. role in preparing this order. I think you said 11 11 12 Q. Okay. Any other tasks that you feel a 12 earlier that you had assisted in the creation of the paralegal would do that the current staff can't or 13 13 order; is that correct? 14 doesn't do? 14 A. Right. So when the initial A. I think they could draft pleadings. I 15 15 conversations occurred in terms of caseload relief, don't think our support staff could draft pleadings 16 16 probation revocations, in which the court was just 17 right now other than form pleadings. 17 intending to continue someone on probation was an 18 Q. I'm sorry, you said your staff can 18 area that we looked at where a public defender did 19 draft pleadings now? 19 not need to be involved. 20 A. No, they use form pleadings. So an 20 Q. So I guess tell me a little bit more 21 entry of appearance or a request for discovery. 21 about the history of this document. You're saying 22 Q. And so you think paralegals would be 22 there was a group at some point convened that 23 able to draft like substantive like legal motions discussed these issues and then generated this 23 2.4 and things of that nature? 2.4 document?

41 (Pages 161 to 164)

Fax: 314.644.1334

A. So the Supreme Court decision in Waters

25

A. I think if they did legal research they

	Page 165		Page 167
1	directed the courts to meet with the public	1	Q. Okay. Very good. So the seven days,
2	defenders and the prosecutors and to come up with	2	that's fine. As to the 30-day
3	resolutions for the case crisis.	3	A. Unless you're the person sitting in
4	Q. Okay.	4	jail for seven days without a lawyer.
5	A. Pursuant to that directive the 22nd	5	Q. Just like to talk about the 30-day
6	Judicial Circuit had a meeting, and this was one of	6	contact requirement, right?
7	the things that came as a result of those meetings.	7	A. Okay.
8	Q. Okay. And so you did you actually	8	Q. So the public defender actually
9	like yourself draft the documents or like	9	requires a physical visit every 30 days to wherever
10	A. No.	10	the defendant is kept; is that right?
11	Q approve it or anything like that?	11	A. If they're confined in the local jail,
12	A. I think Judge Bush is the one who	12	yes.
13	drafted it.	13	Q. Only if they're confined in the local
14	Q. Okay. Do you feel there are any	14	jail?
15	constitutional issues involving this document?	15	A. Well, so if they're in the Department
16	A. Constitutional issues?	16	of Corrections that contact can be by phone call.
17	Q. Uh-huh. Or issues generally, just	17	Q. Okay. So the contact doesn't
18	anything wrong, like with this this order that	18	necessarily need to be physical, it can also be via
19	was generated as a result of the meeting?	19	telephone?
20	A. No.	20	Only if they're confined in the
21	Q. All right. Very good. I'd like to	21	Department of Corrections.
22	look now at I might mispronounce this, Petsch, is	22	Q. Okay. And so in your experience have
23	it Petsch 1?	23	the public defenders been able have your
24	A. Okay.	24	defenders been able to comply with this requirement?
25	Q. This appears to be an internal	25	A. No.
	Page 166		Page 168
1	Page 166 memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding	1	Page 168 Q. They're not able they're not able to
1 2		1 2	· ·
	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding		Q. They're not able they're not able to
2	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding certain policies for public defender office; is that	2	Q. They're not able they're not able to make a telephone call every 30 days to their client
2	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding certain policies for public defender office; is that correct?	2 3	Q. They're not able they're not able to make a telephone call every 30 days to their client while they're in jail?
2 3 4	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding certain policies for public defender office; is that correct? A. I think it's an e-mail within the area	2 3 4	Q. They're not able they're not able to make a telephone call every 30 days to their client while they're in jail? A. That's not what I said.
2 3 4 5	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding certain policies for public defender office; is that correct? A. I think it's an e-mail within the area 16 district office.	2 3 4 5	Q. They're not able they're not able to make a telephone call every 30 days to their client while they're in jail? A. That's not what I said. Q. Okay. Fair enough. What manner are
2 3 4 5 6	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding certain policies for public defender office; is that correct? A. I think it's an e-mail within the area 16 district office. Q. Okay.	2 3 4 5 6	Q. They're not able they're not able to make a telephone call every 30 days to their client while they're in jail? A. That's not what I said. Q. Okay. Fair enough. What manner are they not able to comply?
2 3 4 5 6 7	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding certain policies for public defender office; is that correct? A. I think it's an e-mail within the area 16 district office. Q. Okay. A. So the attorneys listed were all area	2 3 4 5 6 7	Q. They're not able they're not able to make a telephone call every 30 days to their client while they're in jail? A. That's not what I said. Q. Okay. Fair enough. What manner are they not able to comply? A. They're not able to meet with all of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding certain policies for public defender office; is that correct? A. I think it's an e-mail within the area 16 district office. Q. Okay. A. So the attorneys listed were all area 16 attorneys, and it's from the person who at that	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Q. They're not able they're not able to make a telephone call every 30 days to their client while they're in jail? A. That's not what I said. Q. Okay. Fair enough. What manner are they not able to comply? A. They're not able to meet with all of their confined clients within seven days of
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	memorandum amongst the public defenders regarding certain policies for public defender office; is that correct? A. I think it's an e-mail within the area 16 district office. Q. Okay. A. So the attorneys listed were all area 16 attorneys, and it's from the person who at that time was the area 16 district defender. Q. I remember. This is not an e-mail that you were personally sent, right? A. No. I wasn't with the public defender system in 2002. Q. Okay. And you didn't have any participation in like drafting these policies that are mentioned in this e-mail, right? A. No. No. Q. I believe you said earlier I think that you did agree that you did agree with the policies that are contained in this e-mail; is that right? A. I agreed that the visitation policy of	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q. They're not able they're not able to make a telephone call every 30 days to their client while they're in jail? A. That's not what I said. Q. Okay. Fair enough. What manner are they not able to comply? A. They're not able to meet with all of their confined clients within seven days of assignment of the file and they're not able to meet with all of their clients thereafter at least every 30 days. Q. Okay. Just speaking to the 30-day requirement, though, they're able to make a phone call to them, right? It doesn't have to be an in-person visit? A. No, you cannot you cannot call somebody in jail. Q. I thought you said they were able to make a telephone call as opposed to visiting in person for the 30-day contact requirement? A. No. So if a person is confined in the Missouri Department of Corrections

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	Page 169		Page 171
1	prison as opposed to in jail waiting trial.	1	are the public defender system has.
2	Q. Okay.	2	Q. Is it based on any kind of like
3	A. Okay. So if they're in the Department	3	constitutional decision or any statute or anything?
4	of Corrections and they as a result of that could be	4	A. No. Other than the ethical obligation
5	anywhere within the state of Missouri.	5	to communicate regularly with your client.
6	Q. Uh-huh.	6	Q. Okay. Do you know whether it's typical
7	A. Or if they're in a federal	7	to meet with in person with your client every 30
8	penitentiary, which could be anywhere in the	8	days in other types of cases?
9	country, or if they're in a state penitentiary in	9	A. I missed the first thing you said.
10	another state, you do not have the ability to get to	10	Q. Do you know whether it's typical in
11	all of those locations throughout the state and the	11	other types of cases to meet in person with your
12	country.	12	client every 30 days?
13	Q. Okay.	13	A. Do you mean like in civil cases?
14	A. So in that instance your contact can at	14	Q. Yeah, civil cases or
15	some point be by phone.	15	A. I have no idea.
16	Q. Okay.	16	Q other any other kind of legal
17	A. But you can't only meet a client by	17	matter?
18	phone and then be prepared to represent them at	18	A. I don't know. I can tell you in cases
19	trial.	19	that I represented people in that were not criminal
20	Q. Right. Just as to these requirements,	20	we met on a pretty regular basis.
21	so they're able to do the telephone every 30 days	21	Q. Do you think it's necessary to meet in
22	for Department of Corrections and federal	22	person with criminal defendants every 30 days?
23	penitentiaries you're saying; is that right?	23	A. I think it is essential to have regular
24	A. Correct.	24	consistent contact with your clients especially if
25	Q. Now, the ones that they're not able to	25	they are confined so that you can create a
		l .	
	Page 170		Page 172
1		1	
1 2	complete would be when they're in local jail, right?	1 2	relationship in which they trust your counsel and in
2	complete would be when they're in local jail, right? A. Those are the ones that are more	2	relationship in which they trust your counsel and in which they accept your counsel.
2	complete would be when they're in local jail, right? A. Those are the ones that are more difficult, yes.	2	relationship in which they trust your counsel and in which they accept your counsel. Q. Do you think that like a status letter
2 3 4	complete would be when they're in local jail, right? A. Those are the ones that are more difficult, yes. Q. Okay. And you say you can't make a	2 3 4	relationship in which they trust your counsel and in which they accept your counsel. Q. Do you think that like a status letter to your client every 30 days would suffice?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	complete would be when they're in local jail, right? A. Those are the ones that are more difficult, yes. Q. Okay. And you say you can't make a call into the jail? A. You cannot. Q. And is that in relation to the defenders' policy earlier where they cut off that access or is that something else? A. Our clients don't have phones in the jail. So there's no number to call them. Q. That wouldn't have anything to do with like public defender resources or whatnot, this has to do with the way the jails are administrated or the resources of the jails I guess? A. But it has an effect on public defender resources because as a result we need to go to the jails to see our clients and that usually takes quite a bit of time between waiting for the client, seeing the client, and if it's one of our jails that is not next to our building, driving to the jail.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	relationship in which they trust your counsel and in which they accept your counsel. Q. Do you think that like a status letter to your client every 30 days would suffice? A. No. Q. And why is that? A. Because they want to see you. They have questions. And your status letter can't answer their questions. Q. Well, I mean, in theory I guess if the public defenders' phone lines were opened up and they could ask the questions, then you could respond (Court reporter interruption.) Q. (By Mr. Moore) In theory, right, if there was if the public defenders' phone lines would allow the inmates to call their offices, then they could ask you their questions and you could answer those questions over the phone, right? A. If the phones could accommodate it. Q. Right.
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	D 470		D 475
	Page 173		Page 175
1	A. We do.	1	cases like probation violations or things of that
2	Q. So the inmates, if the phones if	2	nature, low-level stuff?
3	they were allowed to, they could call and leave a	3	A. No. They're supposed to meet those
4	voicemail for their defender	4	clients also.
5	A. That was another problem is that	5	Q. Okay. What if there's just nothing
6	voicemails got filled by one person and then other	6	going on in the case except for just typical
7	persons could not leave voicemails.	7	discovery, people are sending documents and things
8	Q. Right. But just in theory if the phone	8	back and forth, do you think the 30-day in-person
9	lines were opened up, then the inmates could the	9	meeting would still be required?
10	defendants could call their attorney, leave them a	10	A. Yeah, because you don't know what's
11	voicemail, and that attorney could send a letter	11	going on with the client. I mean, the client could
12	replying to their inquiries, right?	12	be having some issues that they need to discuss with
13	A. Correct.	13	you.
14	Q. But that's not possible now because the	14	Q. I'd like to ask you a couple questions
15	public defender cut off that line of communication	15	about the fiscal year 2018 supplemental legislative
16	due to the burdens involved in the multiple phone	16	budget request document, and my version I was given
17	calls, right?	17	doesn't have the exhibit number.
18	A. Correct.	18	MS. SHIPMA: It's Exhibit 21.
19	Q. Do you know if the defendants have any	19	MR. MOORE: Okay. Thank you.
20	access to like e-mails while they're in jail?	20	THE WITNESS: Is it this one?
21	A. No, they don't.	21	MR. MOORE: 2018, yeah.
22	Q. Are they able to send letters while	22	THE WITNESS: Mine doesn't have a
23	they're in jail?	23	number on it either.
24	A. Yes, they are. And without postage.	24	MR. MAUNE: It's a replacement for one
25	Q. Without postage?	25	previously marked.
	Page 174		Page 176
1	A. To us without postage, yes.	1	THE WITNESS: Okay.
2	Q. Okay. Also distinguishes clients from	2	Q. (By Mr. Moore) Very good. So I think
3	trial caseload clients, do you see that?	3	the questioning kind of centered on page seven. So
4	A. I did see that.	4	would you turn to page seven? Whenever you're ready
5	Q. What does that mean exactly? How	5	we can just kind of go over a couple things on
6	how does it determine if a client is a trial	6	there.
7	caseload client versus not a trial caseload client	7	A. I'm ready.
8	within I guess whenever you get assigned a case?	8	Q. Okay. So we were looking at this chart
9	A. I think this referred to dockets that	9	on page seven, and you were kind of citing off the
10	existed in Kansas City back in 2002 that don't exist	10	way that some of these columns were calculated,
11	anymore.	11	right?
12	Q. Okay.	12	A. Correct.
13	A. I think at that point they had cases	13	Q. And I did not quite catch the formulas.
14	went to two different types of dockets. One was	14	So I think the first one was net case units. That's
15	called something, I don't know what it was called,	15	the 89,515 figure. Do you see that?
16	and the other one was called a trial caseload or	16	A. Yes.
17	trial docket. So I think that's what he's referring	17	Q. What's the formula that you had cited
18	to, but I don't know for certain.	18	for calculating that one?
19	Q. Okay. But in your opinion it would be	19	A. So you have to go back to page
20	all clients, they would all get the initial	20	Q. It's contained somewhere in this?
21	in-person visit in seven days of assignment; is that	21	A. It's not in here. You need to go back
22	right?	22	to the RubinBrown study and the RubinBrown study
23	A. Correct.	23	gives case units to different case categories. Then
24	Q. Would there be any exceptions to that	24	you would multiply the number of cases times that
25	requirement for any other you know, any other	25	case unit. So if you had 300 felonies and felonies

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	Page 177		Page 179
1	got a 14-case unit, that would be 300 times 14.	1	credit for the type of cases that we handle, the
2	Q. Okay. So this is all based off of the	2	severity of the cases, and the number of cases that
3	RubinBrown study then?	3	have to be prepared for trial and the number of
4	A. Correct. That's my understanding,	4	cases that go to trial.
5	especially since it says RB up at the top.	5	Q. Okay. Any other issues you have with
6	Q. Very good. Then we also looked at the	6	the RubinBrown study or
7	column third from the right that says capacity,	7	A. No.
8	right?	8	Q. No. But you again are not really
9	A. Right.	9	familiar with like their methodology for collecting
10	Q. And I think you had a formula for that	10	the data or analyzing the data in that study, right?
11	as well?	11	A. I was around when they did it. I mean,
12	A. I think it was number of attorneys	12	I know basically what how they did it.
13	times available hours within the year.	13	Q. Fair enough. But like you don't have a
14	Q. And that those metrics would also be	14	background in statistics you said, right?
15	based on the RubinBrown study and its conclusions, I	15	A. No.
16	guess, right?	16	Q. So whether they're using the correct
17	A. I think so, yes.	17	metrics or formulas or whatever else, you wouldn't
18	Q. And percent of capacity?	18	be able to testify about that, right?
19	A. That's just a calculation.	19	A. No.
20	Q. Same kind of deal based on RubinBrown	20	Q. And as far as the data collection, do
21	statistics?	21	you have any knowledge about how they collected all
22	A. No. I think percent of capacity is	22	of their data in the RubinBrown study?
23	just a mathematical computation.	23	A. Just general.
24	Q. Okay. So do you have any background in	24	Q. Okay. So you wouldn't be able to say
25	like statistical analysis or sociological studies of	25	specifically if like they did everything correct as
	Page 178		Page 180
1	Page 178 any kind?	1	Page 180 far as the data collection was concerned, right?
1 2		1 2	· ·
	any kind? A. No. Q. Do you have any opinions or are you	2 3	far as the data collection was concerned, right?
2 3 4	any kind? A. No. Q. Do you have any opinions or are you able to give any testimony today about whether the	2 3 4	far as the data collection was concerned, right? A. No. Q. I think you said that you put data in for this; is that correct?
2 3 4 5	any kind? A. No. Q. Do you have any opinions or are you able to give any testimony today about whether the RubinBrown study and its methodology are accurate?	2 3 4 5	far as the data collection was concerned, right? A. No. Q. I think you said that you put data in
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45 (Pages 177 to 180)

	Page 181		Page 183
1	So I've never really had 30 attorneys.	1	at Lewis Rice, so had several years' experience in
2	Q. Okay. Okay. And so if I'm	2	civil litigation and came to us.
3	understanding correctly, this was you would be	3	Q. Do you know how many years' experience?
4	inputting this data into some kind of computer	4	A. I want to say two to three. Attorney
5	program or something?	5	number nine was passed the bar in October and
6	A. Right.	6	came to work for us. Attorney number ten passed the
7	Q. Okay. It was like a case database	7	bar in October and came to us. So actually I was
8	A. Right.	8	wrong, there were more than three.
9	Q is that right? That's not Lotus,	9	Attorney number 11 passed the bar about
10	though, right, it's some other thing?	10	ten years ago and did policy work and just came back
11	A. Right. No, it's Lotus.	11	to St. Louis and came to us. Attorney number 12 was
12	Q. Oh, it is Lotus, okay. So the	12	a transfer from the West Plains office. Attorney
13	RubinBrown used the Lotus data as far as you know to	13	number 13
14	generate their statistics and stuff?	14	Q. Oh, sorry, the transfer, how long
15	A. Part of it, yes.	15	were they a new attorney or they had been doing it a
16	Q. Okay. I think I have just a couple	16	while?
17	more. So I think you testified earlier that there's	17	A. No, no. He had been doing it for a
18	a high turnover and that you hired a bunch of new	18	while.
19	attorneys who just graduated the bar in October,	19	Q. Okay.
20	right?	20	A. Attorney he had been there for two
21	A. Correct.	21	years.
22	Q. Do you recall how many of those there	22	Q. Okay.
23	are, like the really fresh ones?	23	A. Attorney number 13 was was I already
24	A. There's three who just just were	24	on 13?
25	licensed.	25	Q. Yeah.
	Page 182		Page 184
1	Q. Okay. And then you said there were	1	A. So this is attorney 14.
2	some other ones who had worked in other capacities	2	Q. Oh, I think we
3	prior to joining the public defender, right?	3	A. Are we on 13?
4	A. Correct.	4	Q. I think we're on 13.
5	Q. Kind of walk me through their	5	A. Okay. We're missing somebody in there.
_	backgrounds a little bit more.		
6		6	Attorney 13 was an attorney in our Springfield
7	A. You talking about the 15 that were	7	Attorney 13 was an attorney in our Springfield office and then went into private practice and moved
	A. You talking about the 15 that were hired this year?		3 , 3
7	9	7	office and then went into private practice and moved
7 8 9	hired this year?	7 8	office and then went into private practice and moved to St. Louis, and I recruited her to come back to
7 8 9 10	hired this year? Q. We'll go through them, yeah.	7 8 9	office and then went into private practice and moved to St. Louis, and I recruited her to come back to us. She came back with experience.
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7 8 9 10 11	hired this year? Q. We'll go through them, yeah. A. Okay. So we'll start with December last year. Attorney number one was a new attorney	7 8 9 10 11	office and then went into private practice and moved to St. Louis, and I recruited her to come back to us. She came back with experience. Q. Okay. A. And attorney 14 was a prosecutor in the
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	hired this year? Q. We'll go through them, yeah. A. Okay. So we'll start with December last year. Attorney number one was a new attorney in December and hired. Attorney number two was a new attorney in December and hired. Attorney number three was a new attorney in October and hired in February. Attorney number four had passed the bar in October and I think we were first place he was hired. So he was hired in March. Attorney number five passed the February bar and was hired in April. So he was a brand-new attorney at that time. Attorney number six was a new attorney this year and we hired her. Attorney number seven	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	office and then went into private practice and moved to St. Louis, and I recruited her to come back to us. She came back with experience. Q. Okay. A. And attorney 14 was a prosecutor in the circuit attorney's office who left that office and joined us. And there's one more person who I feel terrible I've forgotten. Q. We'll just keep this transcript private. You don't have to worry about hurting her feelings. Okay. So in any event, it sounds like you do have some fresh faces, but also some faces that have been out and they were practicing law for a number of years, and I think you said one had like ten years of experience, though not in criminal law,

46 (Pages 181 to 184)

	Page 185		Page 187
1	A. Yeah.	1	some follow-up.
2	Q. Do you know how long the prosecutor had	2	EXAMINATION
3	been out practicing as a prosecutor?	3	QUESTIONS BY MS. SHIPMA:
4	A. She began as a prosecutor in 2008	4	Q. I have a few follow-up questions. I
5	or '9.	5	think I'm going to go backwards just for the fun of
6	Q. Okay. Very good. So as to the the	6	it. I won't speak backwards. I'm just going so
7	really new ones, right, they all went to a law	7	you were talking about the RubinBrown numbers and I
8	school and passed the bar exam, right?	8	believe you said in your opinion they're not fair to
9	A. Yes.	9	your office. I don't think those were your exact
10	Q. And as part of their law school	10	words, but that was the meaning that that you
11	curriculum they all, you know, took criminal law and	11	gave that they don't
12	evidence and did all the things you're supposed to	12	A. Correct.
13	do in law school, correct?	13	Q accurately reflect the reality in
14	A. I hope so.	14	your office?
15	Q. Right. And the, you know, ethical	15	A. Yes.
16	obligations and requirements for a new attorney	16	Q. Now, is does that mean that the
17	aren't really any different than for attorneys who	17	RubinBrown numbers appear to place your office at a
18	have been out there for 30 plus years, right?	18	lower percentage of capacity than you think is fair?
19	A. Correct.	19	A. Yes.
20	Q. And I think, you know, as a new	20	Q. The attorneys from Thompson Coburn that
21	attorney you're still deemed to be competent just	21	are that you had, you had talked about having an
22	like an attorney of 30 plus years when it comes to,	22	attorney
23	you know, the services you're supposed to render to	23	A. Yes.
24	your client, right?	24	Q from Thompson Coburn, did that
25	A. Correct.	25	attorney have a lesser caseload than the other
	Page 186		Page 188
1	MR. MOORE: Sorry, you're going to	1	public defenders in your office?
2	MC CLUDMA I desett les escrites et de e		
	MS. SHIPMA: I don't know that the	2	A. Yes.
3	rules of evidence deem you competent just because	2 3	A. Yes.Q. Do you know about what his or her
3 4			
	rules of evidence deem you competent just because	3	Q. Do you know about what his or her
4	rules of evidence deem you competent just because you're an attorney. They say you have the	3 4	Q. Do you know about what his or her caseload was?
4 5	rules of evidence deem you competent just because you're an attorney. They say you have the obligation to be competent, but the rules of	3 4 5	Q. Do you know about what his or her caseload was?A. I believe he had about 30 to 40
4 5 6	rules of evidence deem you competent just because you're an attorney. They say you have the obligation to be competent, but the rules of evidence don't deem someone competent.	3 4 5 6	Q. Do you know about what his or her caseload was?A. I believe he had about 30 to 40 misdemeanors at a time.
4 5 6 7	rules of evidence deem you competent just because you're an attorney. They say you have the obligation to be competent, but the rules of evidence don't deem someone competent. MR. MOORE: Okay. That's fair enough.	3 4 5 6 7	Q. Do you know about what his or her caseload was? A. I believe he had about 30 to 40 misdemeanors at a time. Q. Do you remember when the RubinBrown
4 5 6 7 8	rules of evidence deem you competent just because you're an attorney. They say you have the obligation to be competent, but the rules of evidence don't deem someone competent. MR. MOORE: Okay. That's fair enough. RubinBrown study.	3 4 5 6 7 8	 Q. Do you know about what his or her caseload was? A. I believe he had about 30 to 40 misdemeanors at a time. Q. Do you remember when the RubinBrown study when the report came out?
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	Page 189		Page 191
1	cases that utilize experts to be?	1	Q. (By Ms. Shipma) And you talked about
2	A. Probably under five percent.	2	how a case or a matter was defined?
3	Q. And the same question for depositions,	3	A. Yes.
4	what would you estimate the number of cases that	4	Q. To your knowledge, is the the
5	utilize depositions to be?	5	description that you gave, is that consistent
6	A. Well, we we've asked for 300	6	throughout the public defender system or is that
7	depositions in fiscal year 2017.	7	does that just apply to your district?
8	Q. And that was about 4,200 cases; is that	8	A. It's how I was trained as a district
9	correct?	9	defender to do it, so I would assume so, but I
10	A. Correct.	10	haven't looked at other people's databases.
11	Q. Now, if there are no rules that limit	11	Q. I believe Mr. Moore asked you a
12	the taking of depositions, to what do you attribute	12	question about who you've spoken to regarding
13	this low number of depositions?	13	concerns about your caseload without giving you a
14	 A. That the cases are being prepared 	14	time frame for that, and you answered you talked to
15	quickly and resolved quickly.	15	the attorneys in the office, the Post-Dispatch, MSPD
16	Q. And the same with the use of experts,	16	management, some judges. What time frame were you
17	why why are only five percent of cases have	17	giving your answer for?
18	experts?	18	A. For the last several months. So since
19	A. I I attribute that more to our lack	19	the Hinkebein decision came out.
20	of experience and attorneys able to determine when	20	Q. You said that you have three attorneys
21	an expert would add value to the case.	21	right now who handle conflicts?
22	Q. And in your experience, are defendants	22	A. Correct.
23	out there bamboozling the system to try to get	23	Q. Is that all they handle
24	public defender representation?	24	A. Yes.
25	A. No, not at all.	25	Q conflicts? And is that
	Page 190		Page 192
1	Q. And I know	1	A. One of the attorneys has a few
2			
	 A. The people we represent are very poor. 	2	St. Louis City cases.
3	A. The people we represent are very poor. Q. I know you gave a couple of you gave	2 3	St. Louis City cases. Q. And has that been your practice to have
			-
3	Q. I know you gave a couple of you gave	3	Q. And has that been your practice to have
3 4	Q. I know you gave a couple of you gave an example and then said maybe five times when your	3 4	Q. And has that been your practice to have attorneys who handle conflicts only handle conflict
3 4 5	Q. I know you gave a couple of you gave an example and then said maybe five times when your office has gone back to court and said we don't think this person you know, because the person	3 4 5	Q. And has that been your practice to have attorneys who handle conflicts only handle conflict cases? A. Generally because they have tended to
3 4 5 6	Q. I know you gave a couple of you gave an example and then said maybe five times when your office has gone back to court and said we don't think this person you know, because the person was going on a cruise or whatever.	3 4 5 6	Q. And has that been your practice to have attorneys who handle conflicts only handle conflict cases? A. Generally because they have tended to be experienced attorneys, they've also had maybe a
3 4 5 6 7	Q. I know you gave a couple of you gave an example and then said maybe five times when your office has gone back to court and said we don't think this person you know, because the person was going on a cruise or whatever. A. Right.	3 4 5 6 7	Q. And has that been your practice to have attorneys who handle conflicts only handle conflict cases? A. Generally because they have tended to be experienced attorneys, they've also had maybe a St. Louis City homicide also.
3 4 5 6 7 8	Q. I know you gave a couple of you gave an example and then said maybe five times when your office has gone back to court and said we don't think this person you know, because the person was going on a cruise or whatever. A. Right. Q. But that in your opinion, do you see	3 4 5 6 7 8	Q. And has that been your practice to have attorneys who handle conflicts only handle conflict cases? A. Generally because they have tended to be experienced attorneys, they've also had maybe a St. Louis City homicide also. Q. You've spoken a couple of times about
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	Page 193	Pan	e 195
1	_		
1 2	open cases do you have right now? A. Currently right now, 20.	benefited from the use of of an expert, but atexpert wasn't requested?	1
3	Q. For yourself?	 expert wasn't requested? MR. MOORE: Call for I'll object. 	
4	A. Yes.	4 It calls for speculation, but you can answer.	
5	Q. And do you know about how many clients	5 A. Yes.	
6	that represents?	6 Q. (By Ms. Shipma) And the same with	
7	A. One client has two cases. So 19.	7 depositions, are there cases where there shoul	d havo
8	MS. SHIPMA: That's all the questions I	been depositions taken in a case but they were	
9	have.	9 A. The case would have benefited from	ilot:
10	MR. MAUNE: I have nothing further.	10 depositions.	
11	FURTHER EXAMINATION	11 Q. And what is in your opinion, what	
12	QUESTIONS BY MR. MOORE:	has been the reason for these either experts no	nt
13	Q. Just one last question. As far as like	being used or depositions not being taken in the	
14	use of experts and amount of depos you guys are	14 cases?	
15	taking, would you say that you pretty much do	15 A. Lack of experience of the attorneys,	
16	whatever the case requires to the extent that you're	lack of continuity of the attorneys in the office,	
17	able?	17 and lack of time.	
18	A. We do what the attorney thinks is	18 Q. Every case that comes through your	
19	appropriate, the assigned attorney.	office, is it fully worked up to the extent it	
20	Q. Right. So I mean, not every case is	20 should be?	
21	going to require an expert, right?	21 A. No.	
22	A. Right.	22 MS. SHIPMA: Nothing further.	
23	Q. And any cases that require an expert	23 FURTHER EXAMINATION	
24	may be the case that it gets plead out or doesn't	24 QUESTIONS BY MR. MOORE:	
25	reach that stage where an expert becomes necessary,	25 Q. And just to clarify, you also discussed	
	Page 194	Pag	e 196
1	Page 194	Pag another reason for not doing the discovery of t	
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	right?	another reason for not doing the discovery of t experts, which was that sometimes the case ge resolved prior to the stage in the litigation whe	he ts
2	right? A. Correct. But but you would have already retained the expert even if it results in a plea.	another reason for not doing the discovery of t experts, which was that sometimes the case ge resolved prior to the stage in the litigation whe you would be retaining the expert or doing a	he ts
2 3 4 5	right? A. Correct. But but you would have already retained the expert even if it results in a plea. Q. Depending on where the case is at,	another reason for not doing the discovery of texperts, which was that sometimes the case ge resolved prior to the stage in the litigation whe you would be retaining the expert or doing a discovery, right?	he ts
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-	Page 197	Page 199
1	whereby they plead guilty and then they receive a	
2	reduction in the possible sentence that they could	1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2
3	receive, right?	3 I, William L. DeVries, a Certified
4	A. Right. Yeah.	4 Court Reporter (MO), Certified Shorthand Reporter
5	Q. And sometimes that happens before you	5 (IL), Registered Diplomate Reporter, and a Certified
6	would get to the stage where experts are required,	6 Realtime Reporter, do hereby certify that the
7	right?	7 witness whose testimony appears in the foregoing
8	A. It could.	8 deposition was duly sworn by me pursuant to Section
9	Q. Has that happened? I mean, does that	9 492.010 RSMo; that the testimony of said witness was
10	happen?	10 taken by me to the best of my ability and thereafter
11	A. I can't tell you a specific case off	reduced to typewriting under my direction; that I am
12	the top of my head, no.	12 neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any
13	MR. MOORE: Okay. I think that's good	13 of the parties to the action in which this
14	enough. Done.	deposition was taken, and further that I am not a
15	VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 1:14. We	15 relative or employee of any attorney or counsel
16	are off the record. This concludes our deposition	16 employed by the parties thereto, nor financially or
17	of Mary Fox.	17 otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.
18	COURT REPORTER: Signature?	18
19	MS. SHIPMA: Yeah, just like before I'm	19
20	going to read and sign.	
21	COURT REPORTER: And counsel, can I	21 Certified Court Reporter
22	just get on the record that everybody is going to	22 within and for the State of Missouri
23	duplicate transcript orders from the last time we	23
24	had depositions in October? Is that a yes?	24
25	MS. SHIPMA: Yes.	25
	Page 198	Page 200
1	MR. MOORE: That's a yes for me.	1 Alaris Litigation Services
2	MR. MAUNE: Yes.	(314) 644-2191
3	(WHEREIN, the deposition was concluded	3 December 26, 2017 4 Ms. Jacqueline Shipma
4	at 1:14 p.m.)	Missouri State Public Defender
5		5 1000 West Nifong Building 7, Suite 100
6		6 Columbia, Missouri 65203 (573) 525-5212
7		7 jacqueline.shipma@mspd.mo.gov
8		8 In Re: SHONDEL CHURCH, et al. vs. STATE OF MISSOURI, et al.
9		9 Dear Ms. Shipma:
10		10
11		Please find enclosed your copy of the deposition of MARY FOX taken on December 19, 2017 in the
12		above-referenced case. Also enclosed is the
		1.2 original signature page and errote sheets
13		 original signature page and errata sheets. Please have the witness read your copy of the
13 14		
13 14 15		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public.
13 14 15 16		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections 14 desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public. 15 Please return the errata sheets and notarized
13 14 15 16 17		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections 14 desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public. 15
13 14 15 16 17 18		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections 14 desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public. 15 Please return the errata sheets and notarized 16 signature page to Alaris Litigation Services, 711 North Eleventh Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101 17 within 30 days of receipt.
13 14 15 16 17 18		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public. 15 Please return the errata sheets and notarized signature page to Alaris Litigation Services, 711 North Eleventh Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101 within 30 days of receipt. Thank you for your attention to this matter.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public. 15 Please return the errata sheets and notarized signature page to Alaris Litigation Services, 711 North Eleventh Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101 within 30 days of receipt. 18 Thank you for your attention to this matter.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public. 15 Please return the errata sheets and notarized signature page to Alaris Litigation Services, 711 North Eleventh Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101 within 30 days of receipt. 18 Thank you for your attention to this matter. 19 Sincerely,
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public. 15 Please return the errata sheets and notarized signature page to Alaris Litigation Services, 711 North Eleventh Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101 within 30 days of receipt. 18 Thank you for your attention to this matter. 19 Sincerely, 20 21 William L. DeVries, CCR(MO)/CSR(IL)/RDR/CRR
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23		13 Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature page before a notary public. 15 Please return the errata sheets and notarized signature page to Alaris Litigation Services, 711 North Eleventh Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101 within 30 days of receipt. 18 Thank you for your attention to this matter. 19 Sincerely, 20 21 William L. DeVries, CCR(MO)/CSR(IL)/RDR/CRR Enclosures
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1	WITNESS ERRATA SHEET	
2	Witness Name: MARY FOX	
3	Case Name: SHONDEL CHURCH, et al. vs. STATE OF MISSOURI, et al.	
4	WISSOURI, et al.	
_	Date Taken: DECEMBER 19, 2017	
5 6	Page # Line #	
7	Should Read:	
8 9	Reason for Change:	
	Page # Line #	
10		
11	Should Read:	
	Reason for Change:	
12 13	Page # Line #	
14	Should Read:	
15 16	Reason for Change:	
1 10	Page # Line #	
17	•	
18	Should Read:	
	Reason for Change:	
19 20	Page # Line #	
21	Should Read:	
22 23	Reason for Change:	
24		
25	Witness Signature:	
	Page 202	
1	STATE OF)	
2	COUNTY OF)	
3	,	
4	I, MARY FOX, do hereby certify: That I have read the foregoing deposition;	
1	That I have made such changes in form and/or	
5	substance to the within deposition as might be	
6	necessary to render the same true and correct; That having made such changes thereon, I	
	hereby subscribe my name to the deposition.	
7	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.	
8	roregoing is true and correct.	
9	MADY FOY	
10	MARY FOX	
11	Executed this day of ,	
12 13	20, at .	
14		
15		
	Notary Public:	
16 17	Notary Public: My Commission Expires:	
16 17 18	Notary Public: My Commission Expires:	
16 17 18 19	Notary Public: My Commission Expires:	
16 17 18 19 20 21	Notary Public: My Commission Expires:	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Notary Public: My Commission Expires:	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Notary Public: My Commission Expires:	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Notary Public: My Commission Expires:	

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